

Bio-Science and Imaging Beamlines

ID21 BioSAXS: Hyeong Jin Kim¹, Ji-hun Kim², and Kyeong-Sik Jin²

ID22 BioNX: Mi-Jeong Kwak² and Yeon-Gil Kim²

BM10 HEM: Yong Sung Park² and Jae-Hong Lim²

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Nov. 5-6, 2025

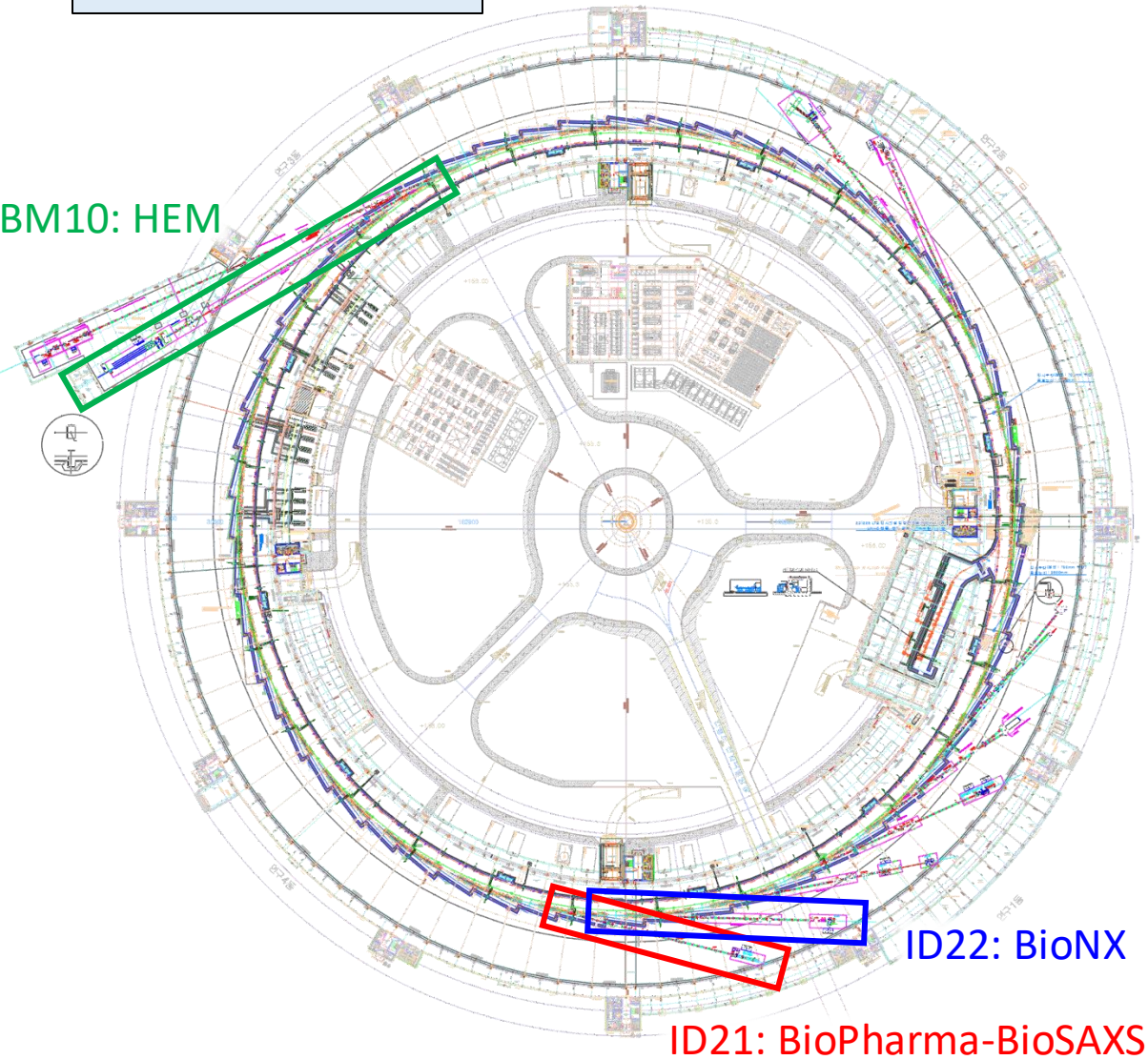


Outline

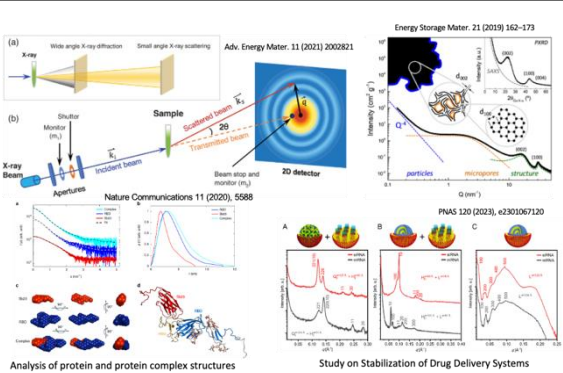
1. Overview
2. ID21 BioPharma-BioSAXS (Small angle X-ray Scattering)
3. ID22 BioNX (Bio Nano crystallography)
4. BM10 HEM (High Energy Microscopy)
5. Summary

1. Overview

Korea-4GSR Floor Plan

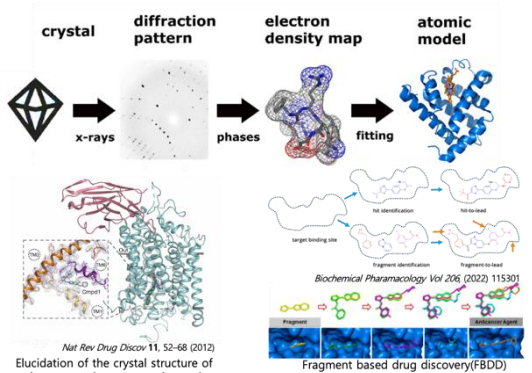


ID21 BioSAXS



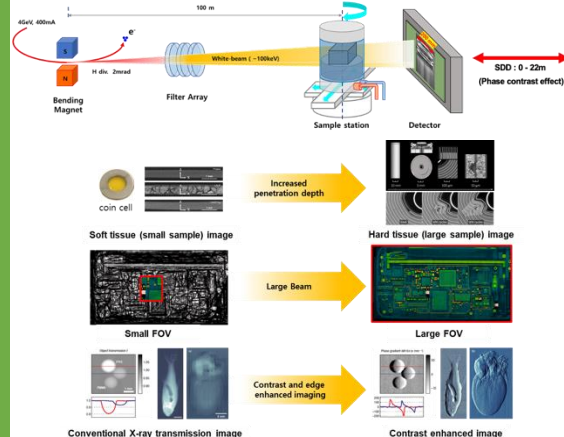
- High-throughput experiment
- Variable q -range vacuum chamber
- Efficiency / Convenience

ID22 BioNX



- High-throughput experiment
- Micro-focusing beam
- High flux, rapid beam resizing, stability

BM10 HEM



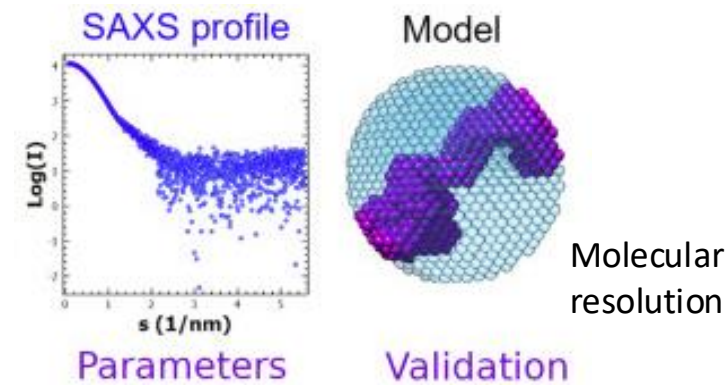
- High energy beam
- Large beam size
- X-ray phase contrast imaging

	BioSAXS	BioNX	HEM
Photon Source	IVU24	IVU20	BM (2T)
Energy Range (mainly)	8 ~ 23 keV (12)	8 ~ 25 keV (12.4 and 20)	20 ~ 150 keV
Beam Flux (ph/s)	$> 5 \times 10^{12}$	$> 1 \times 10^{14}$	$\sim 1 \times 10^{13}$
Beam Size (μm^2) (H \times V, FWHM)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Partially Focused: $\sim 200 \times 200$• Focused: $\sim 40 \times 10$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 12.4 keV: $1 \times 1 \sim 50 \times 50$• 20 keV: $1 \times 1 \sim 5 \times 5$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 100m: $200 \times 25 \text{ mm}^2$
Spatial Resolution	8 ~ 3800 Å	0.5 ~ 1.55 Å	$> 1.0 \mu\text{m}$
Technique	SAXS/WAXS, SEC-SAXS	RSX, SSX, ISX, HTS* MX	Projection Imaging

1. Overview

Priority support for industries

ID21 BioSAXS



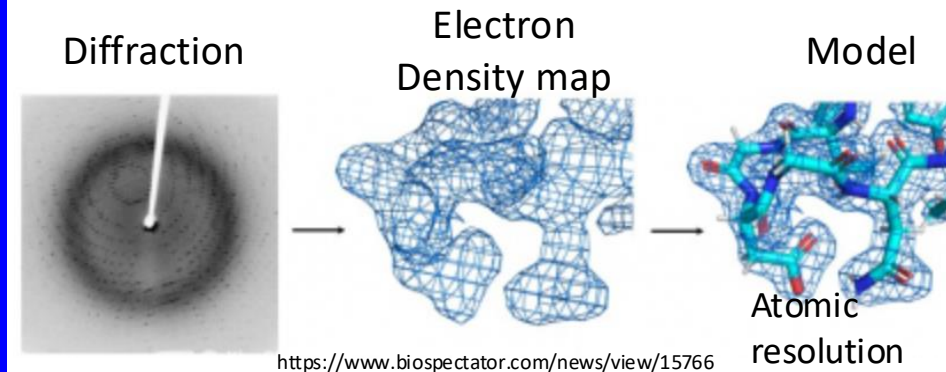
Current Research in Struc. Biol. (2020)

Sample: Biomacromolecules in solution**Design Keyword**

1. q-vector optimizing layout
2. High-throughput (automatic sample exchange robot)
3. Convenience

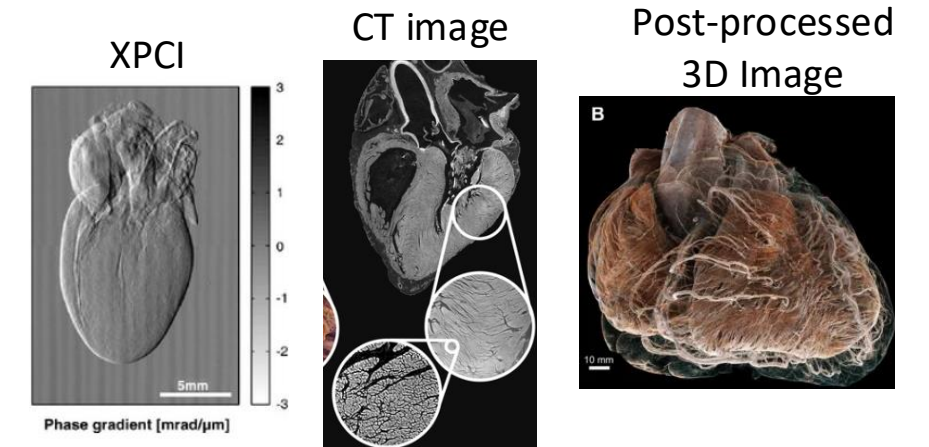
Support for Academic R&D

ID22 BioNX

**Sample:** Biomacromolecules as crystallized**Design Keyword**

1. Micro-focusing and pulsed beam
2. High flux, rapid beam resizing, stability
3. High-throughput (sample exchange robot)

BM10 HEM

**Sample:** Biological tissue, Battery, Electronic components, Developmental prototype, etc.**Design Keyword**

1. High energy beam (increased penetration depth)
2. Large beam (fast scan time)
3. Phase contrast effect (edge enhanced imaging)



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KBSI



Ji-hun Kim
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Kyeong-Sik Jin
PAL, BioSAXS Advisor



Mi-Jeong Kwak
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Yeon-Gil Kim
PAL, BioNX Advisor



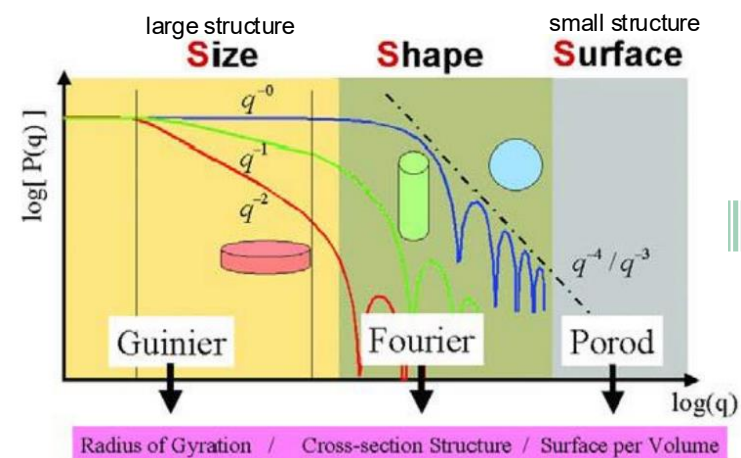
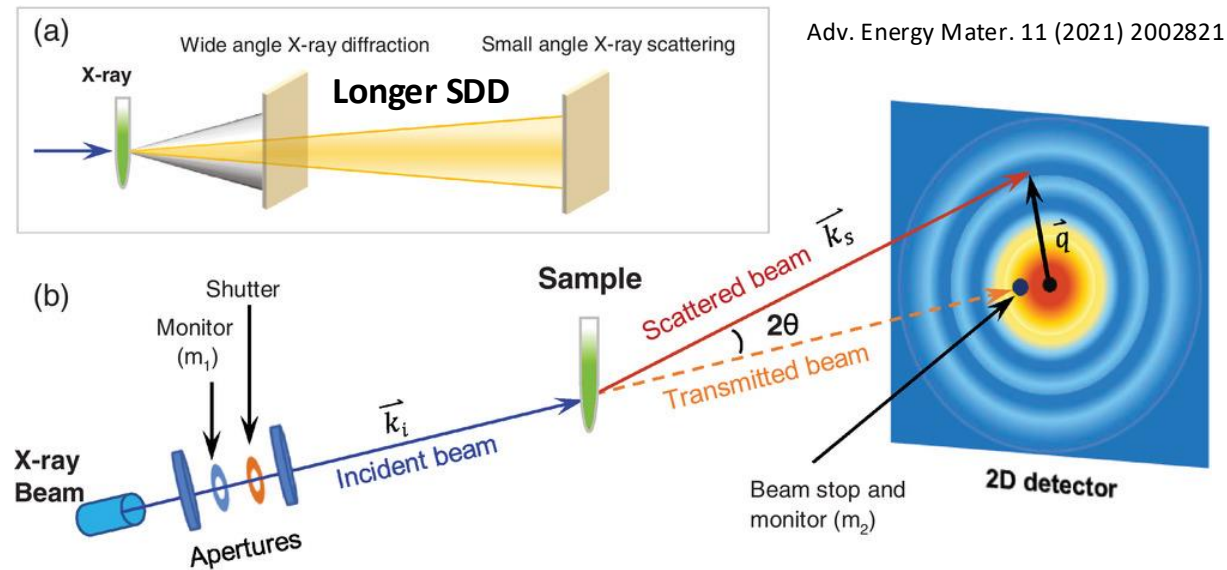
Yong Sung Park
PAL



Jae-Hong Lim
PAL, HEM Advisor

2. BioPharma-BioSAXS

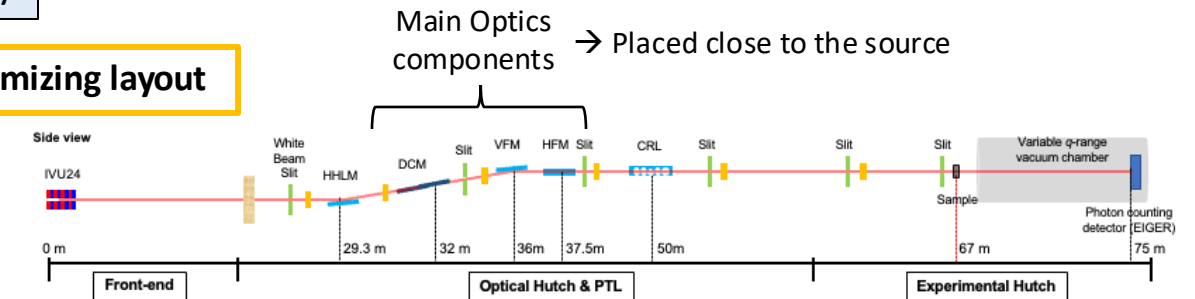
Solution Small Angle X-ray Scattering (SAXS)



1. Size of particle
 $I(q) \sim \exp(-q^2 R_g^2/3)$
2. Form of particle
 $I(q) \sim q^{-1 \sim -2}$
3. Surface structure
 $I(q) \sim q^{-4}$

Design Summary

1. q-vector optimizing layout

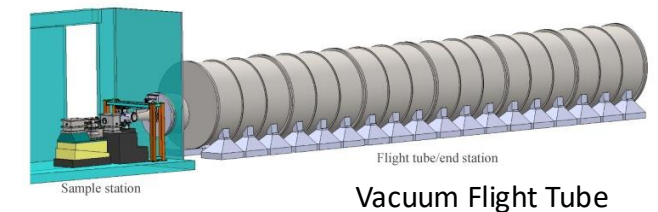


2. High-throughput

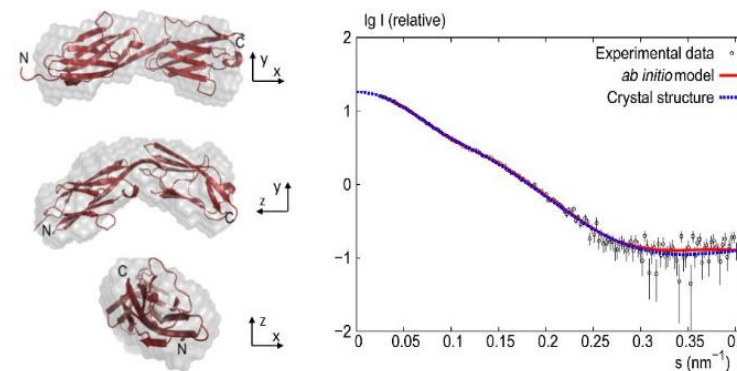
Automatic Sample Exchanger Robot



3. Convenience

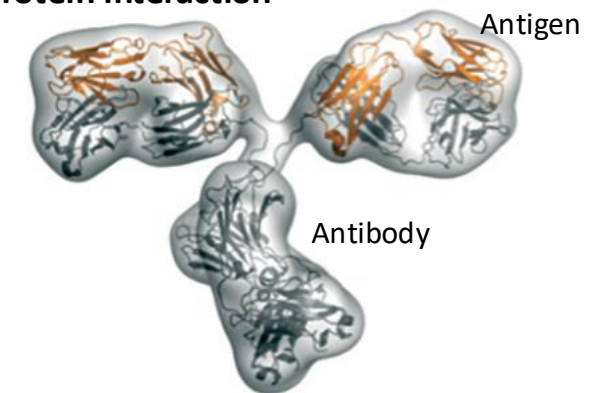


Protein structure characterization in solution



<https://biorontech.com/biosaxs>

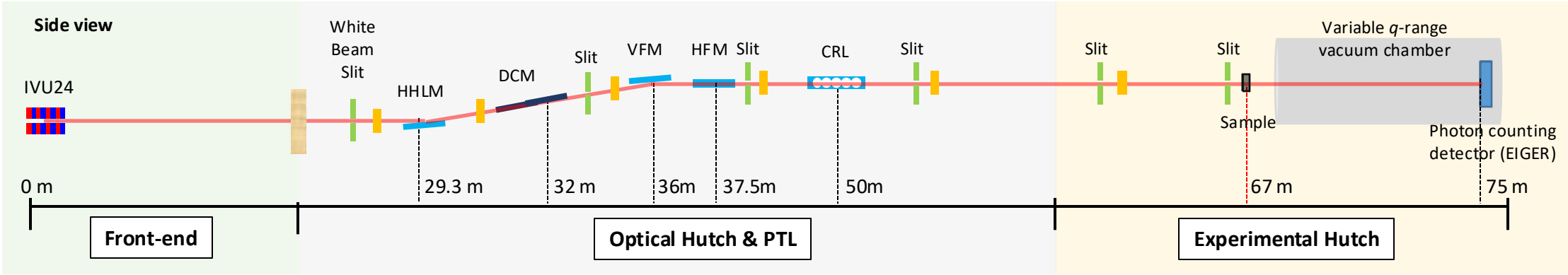
Protein-Protein interaction



ESRF homepage

2. BioPharma-BioSAXS

Beamline Layout



Specification

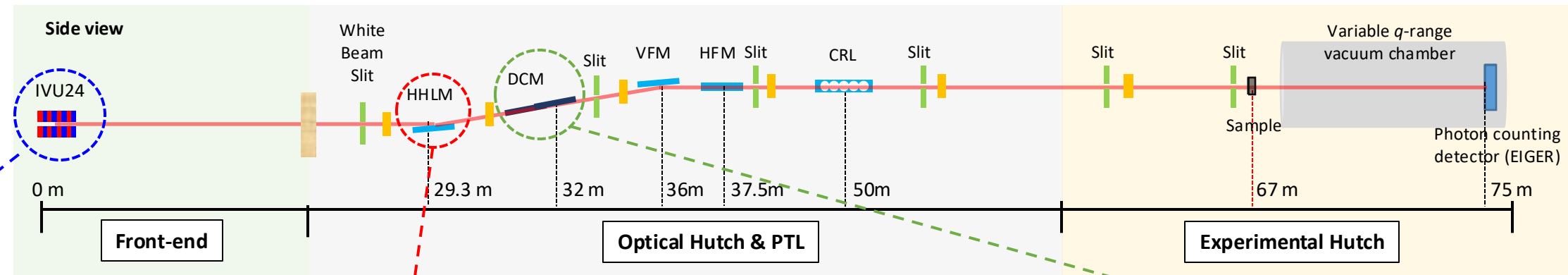
Beamline	ID21 BioPharma-BioSAXS
Light source	In Vacuum Undulator 24 (3m)
Energy range [keV] (mainly)	8 ~ 23 (12)
Energy resolution ($\Delta E/E$)	$< 2 \times 10^{-4}$
Techniques	Solution SAXS
Beam size at sample (μm^2) H \times V, FWHM	$\sim 200\mu\text{m} \times 200\mu\text{m}$ $\sim 40\mu\text{m} \times 10\mu\text{m}$
Beam flux (ph/s)	$\sim 5 \times 10^{12}$

Beamline Features

- As an industry-prioritized beamline, an **automated sample exchange robot** will be implemented to enable high-throughput experiments.
- **A large vacuum chamber including the detector** allows rapid adjustment of the sample-to-detector distance from 0.5 to 8 meters, enabling efficient analysis of samples with various sizes.
- The system is designed to **perform experiments under a wide range of conditions**—such as pH, temperature, and denaturant concentration for studies on the 3D structure and stability of biomolecular proteins.

2. BioPharma-BioSAXS

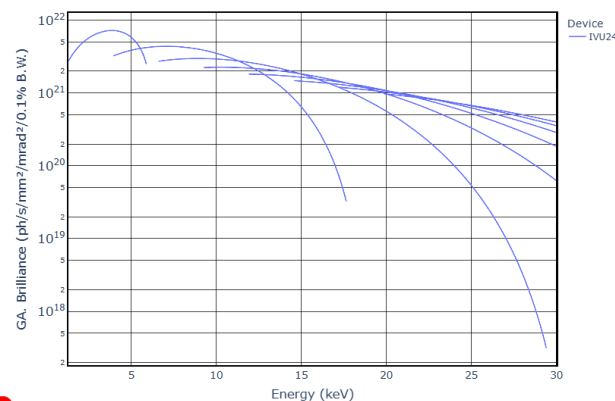
Beamline Layout



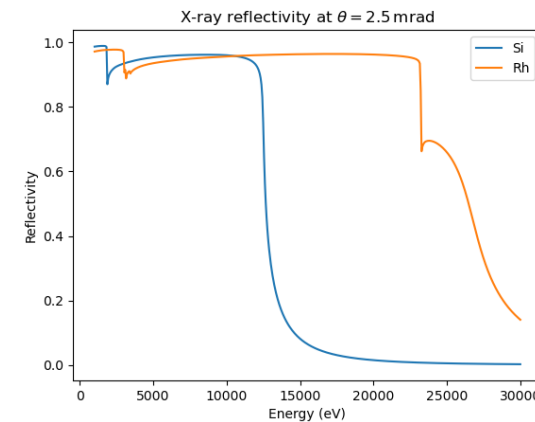
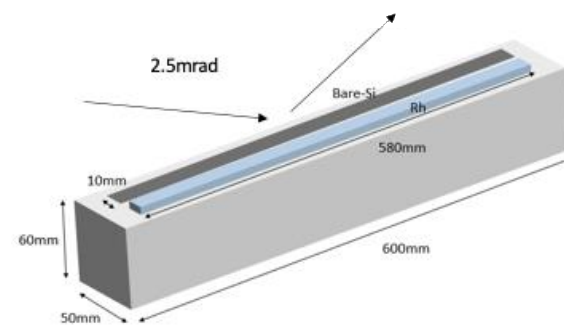
1. In-Vacuum Undulator (IVU24)

Total Length	3 m
Period Length	24 mm
Period Number	125
Deflection Constant	2.745 @ 5 mm of gap
Max. Magnetic Field	1.225T @ 5 mm of gap
Total power	17.9 kW @ 5 mm of gap
Max. power density	165.4 kW/mrad ² @ 5 mm of gap

GA. Brilliance Comparison by Harmonic (1000–30000 eV)



2. High Heat Load Mirror (HHLM)



Specification	HHLM
Distance from Source	29.3 m
Incident Angle	2.5 mrad
Shape	Plane
Beam Size (H x V)	1.353 x 1.287 mm ²
Footprint (H x V, 4σ)	1.35 x 515 mm ²
Substrate Size (L x W x H)	600 x 50 x 60 mm ³
Coating material	Rh(50nm), Bare-Si
Roughness(R.M.S.)	< 0.5 nm
Slope error(R.M.S.)	< 0.2 μrad (tangential) / < 0.5 μrad (sagittal)
Absorbed Power (W)	53.7(Rh), 156.7(Bare-Si)
Max. Power Density (W/mm ²)	0.185(Rh), 0.338(Bare-Si)

→ Reducing the heat of the white beam

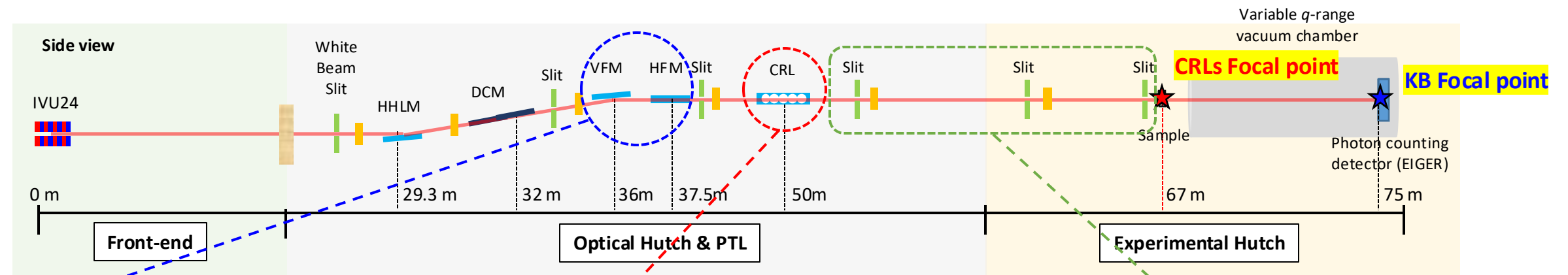
3. Horizontal-Double Crystals Monochromator (H-DCM)

Specification	1 st Crystal	2 nd Crystal
Shape	Plane	
Footprint (4σ) (maximum)	1.42 x 7.77 mm ²	1.43 x 7.79 mm ²
Size	60(L) x 25(W) x 50(H) mm ³	150(L) x 25(W) x 30(H) mm ³
Substrate	Si<111>	
Energy resolution	< 2 × 10 ⁻⁴	
Bragg angle	4.9° (23 keV) ~14.3° (8 keV)	
Slope error (R.M.S.)	< 1 μrad	
Roughness (R.M.S.)	< 0.1 ~ 0.2nm	

→ Monochromatize the beam with high stability

2. BioPharma-BioSAXS

Beamline Layout

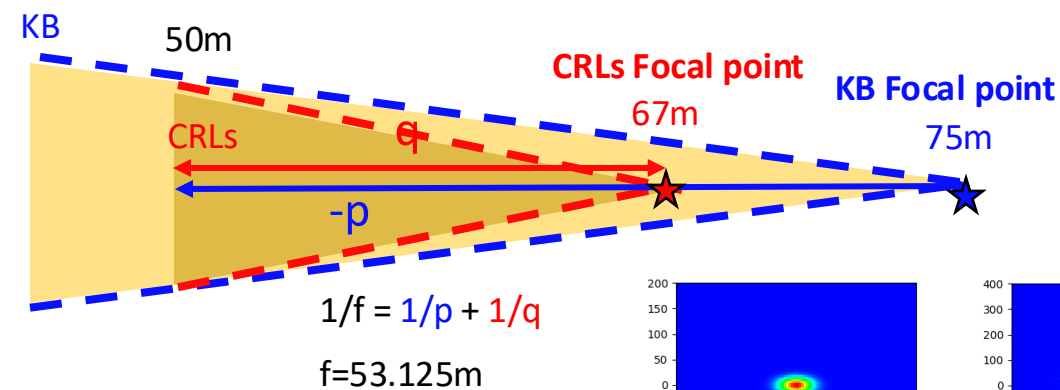


Focusing Optics

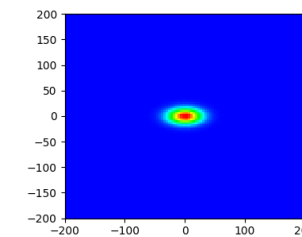
3-1. KB mirror

Specification	Vertical focusing	Horizontal focusing
Distance from source	36 m	37.5 m
Shape	Elliptical cylinder	Elliptical cylinder
Beam size @ ~12keV	1.59 x 1.66 mm ²	1.60 x 1.69 mm ²
Footprint (4σ) @ ~12keV	1.59 x 665 mm ²	1.60 x 675 mm ²
Substrate Size (L x W x H)	700 x 50 x 60 mm ³	700 x 50 x 60 mm ³
Substrate material	Si	
Coating material	Rh(50nm)	
Incident angle	2.5mrad	
p, q parameter	p: 36m q: 39m	p: 37.5m q: 37.5m
Slope error (R.M.S.)	< 0.2μrad (tangential), < 0.5μrad (sagittal)	
Roughness (R.M.S.)	0.5nm	

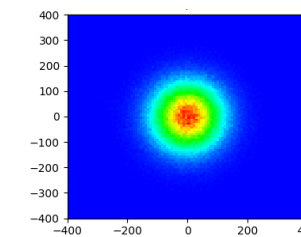
3-2. CRL (Compound Refractive Lens)



Energy (keV)	Number of lenses			
	600 μm	1000 μm	2500 μm	6000 μm
9	1	0	0	1
12	3	0	0	1
20	1	3	0	3



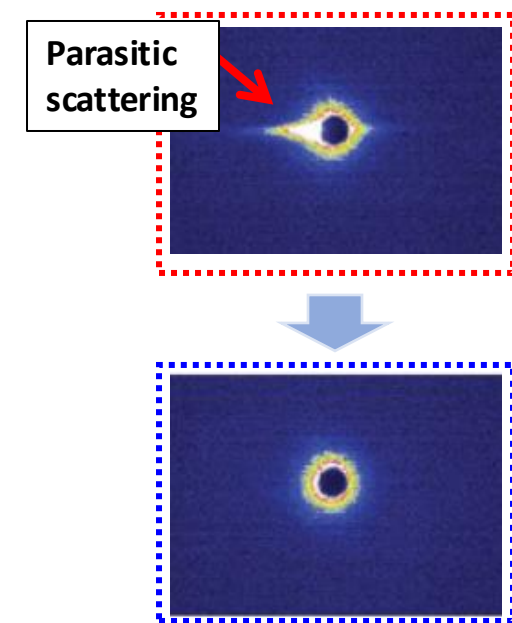
Focused mode (KB + CRL)
~ 40 x 10 μm²



Partially-focused mode (KB only)
~ 200 x 200 μm²

4. 3-slit system

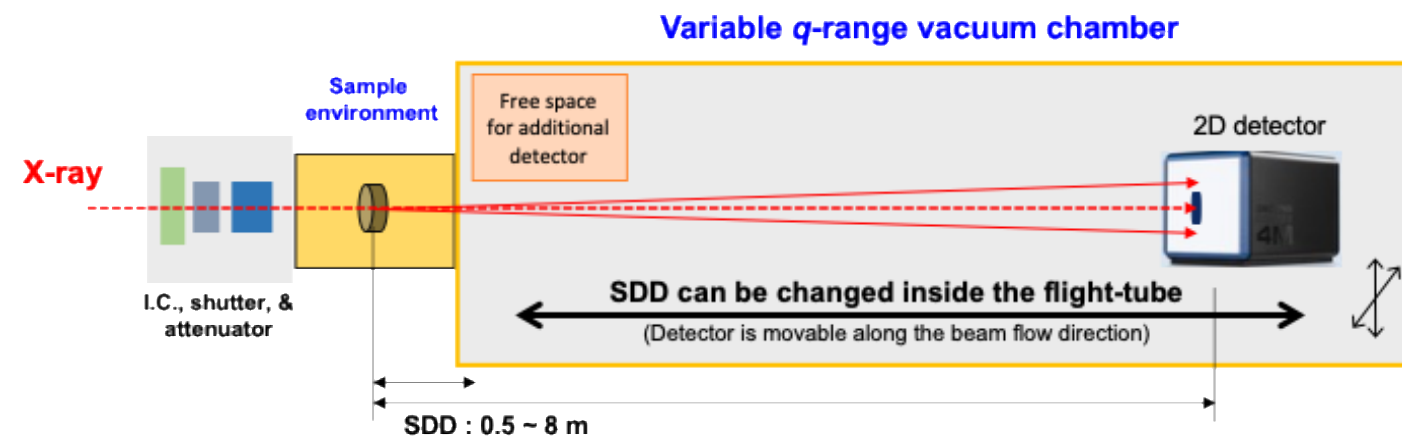
- Removing the parasitic scattering



2. BioPharma-BioSAXS

End-Station

- ◆ **Rapid sample to detector distance (SDD) changing system**
– Sample fixed, Detector move



- **Time reduction** for sample to detector distance (SDD) change
- By fixing the sample environment position, it is easy to install **robot system** and build **applied experiment tools**
- **Improvement of data quality** owing to minimizing air scattering (background)

~ 0.33 electrons / Å³ (water)
~ 0.43 electrons / Å³ (biomolecules)

Vacuum chamber examples



Example; 12 ID-B, APS



13A BioSAXS, TPS



12ID-B, SAXS, NSLS-II

◆ Automated Sample Exchanger Robot

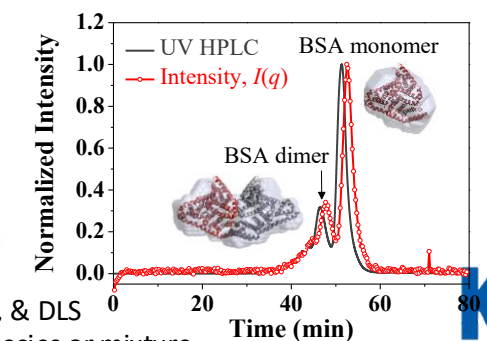
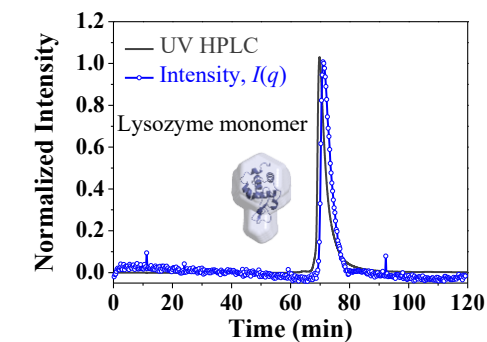
ARINAX BioSAXS



High-throughput experiments:
~ 50 samples / 1 hour

Performances	
Solution transfer volume	5 to 200 µL
Typical cycle time	50 s
- loading/unloading	15 s / 15 s
- cleaning (wash, rinse, dry)	20 s
Controls	
Sample exposure modes	Static Flow (0.05 to 20 µL/s)
Temperature	Exposure (2 ~ 60 °C) Storage (4 ~ 40 °C)
Dimension (W x H x D)	
Main unit (robot)	550 x 800 x 1100 mm ³

◆ Size-Exclusion Chromatography (SEC)-SAXS



- Continuous-flow in-line sample purification

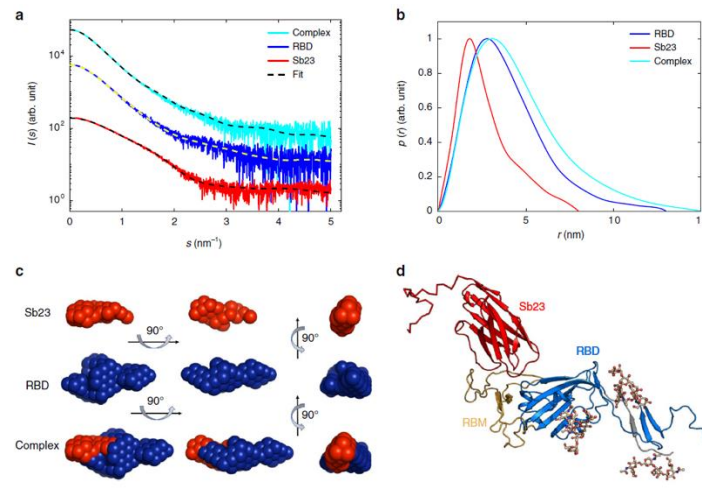
In-line purification of solution

- Agilent infinity 1260 system, RI, UV, MALS, & DLS
- Separation and Analysis of polydisperse species or mixture

2. BioPharma-BioSAXS

Beamline Applications

Conformational Ensembles of Flexible Protein

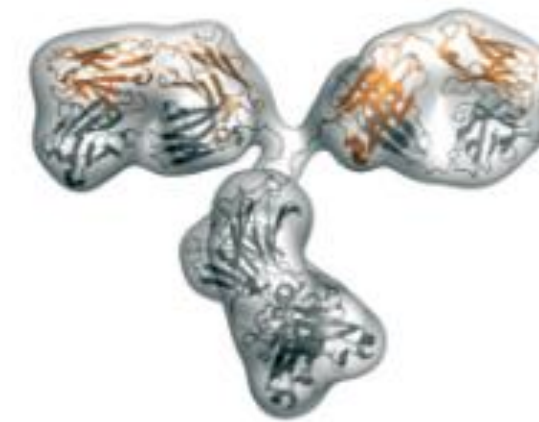


Nature Communications 11, 5588 (2020)

Table 1 Data collection and structure statistics for SAXS analysis.

Data collection parameters	Sb23	RBD	Sb23+RBD
Data collection parameters			
Instrument	EMBL P12 (PETRA III DESY, Hamburg)		
Beam geometry (mm ²)	0.2 × 0.12		
Wavelength (nm)	0.124		
s range (nm ⁻¹)	0.03–5.0		
Exposure time (s)	4 (20 × 0.2 s)		
Temperature (K)	293		
Concentration range (mg ml ⁻¹)	0.37–4.0		
Structural parameters			
R _g (nm) (from P(r))	2.2 ± 0.1	3.2 ± 0.2	3.7 ± 0.2
R _g (nm) (from Guinier plot)	2.1 ± 0.1	3.1 ± 0.2	3.5 ± 0.2
D _{max} (nm)	8.0 ± 0.5	13 ± 1	15 ± 1
Porod volume estimate, V _p (nm ³)	20 ± 2	66 ± 2	86 ± 5
Molecular weight determination (kDa)			
From Porod volume (V _p /1.6)	13 ± 1	37 ± 5	54 ± 3
From consensus Bayesian assessment	15 ± 3	41 ± 1	53 ± 6
From I(0)	21 ± 2	33 ± 9	62 ± 9
Calculated monomeric MW from sequence	15.7	32.2	47.9
Software employed			
Primary data reduction	SASFLOW	SASFLOW	SASFLOW
Data processing	PRIMUS	PRIMUS	PRIMUS
Rigid body modeling	CORAL	CORAL	SASREF
Computation of model intensities	CRY SOL	CRY SOL	CRY SOL
3D graphics representations	PYMOL	PYMOL	PYMOL

Therapeutic Antibody



ex) **Tracking structure of antibody molecules in solution**

Company: Boehringer
Facility: ESRF
Sample: Antibody molecule in solution

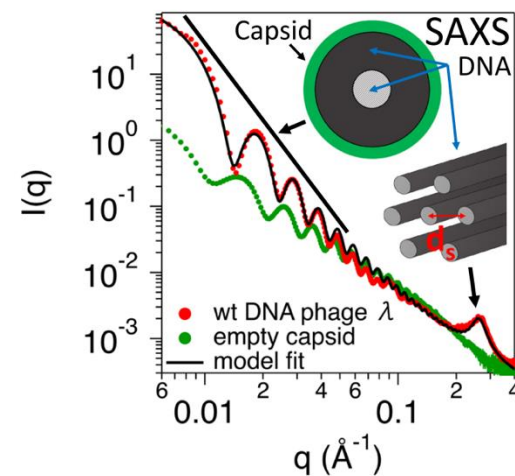
Other cases

Antibody type (Company) – Beamline, year

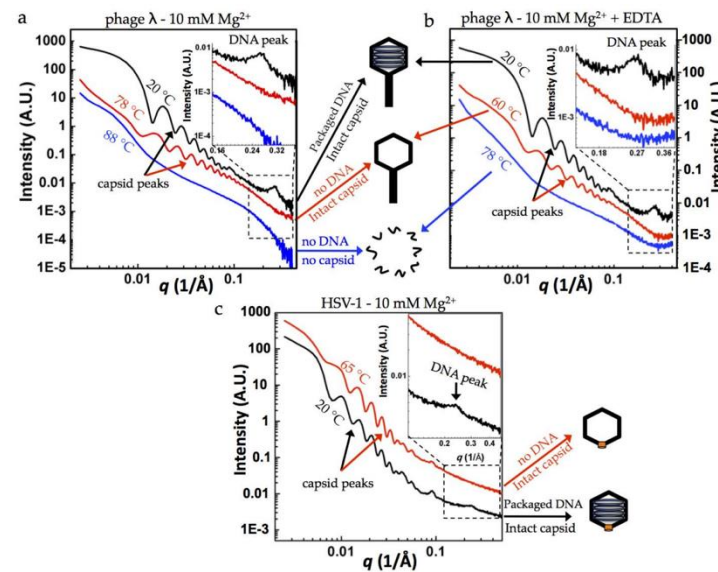
1. IgG1 mAb (Genetech) - SSRL BL4-2, 2024
2. Pembrolizumab (Merck & Co.) – Diamond B21, 2024
3. TrYbe (UCB Pharma) – ESRF BM29, 2023
4. IgG1 mAb2 (Eli Lilly x UT Austin) – CHESS ID7A, 2023

⋮

DNA & Capsid structure

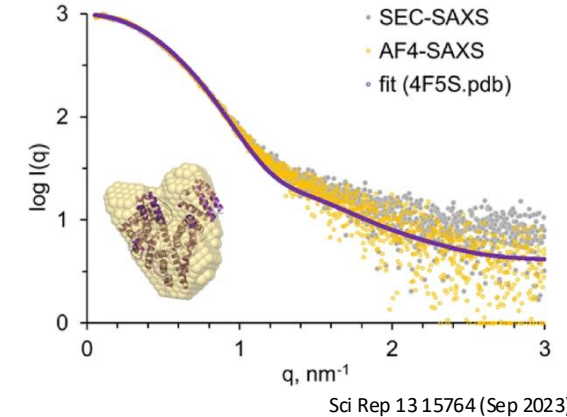


PNAS 120, e2220518120 (2023)



Journal of Virology 89, 9288–9298 (2015)

mRNA-LNP



Sci Rep 13 15764 (Sep 2023)

Quantitative size-resolved characterization of mRNA nanoparticles

Company: BioNTech SE
Facility: PETRA III - P12
Sample: mRNA-LPX (clinical cancer vaccine candidate)

Other cases

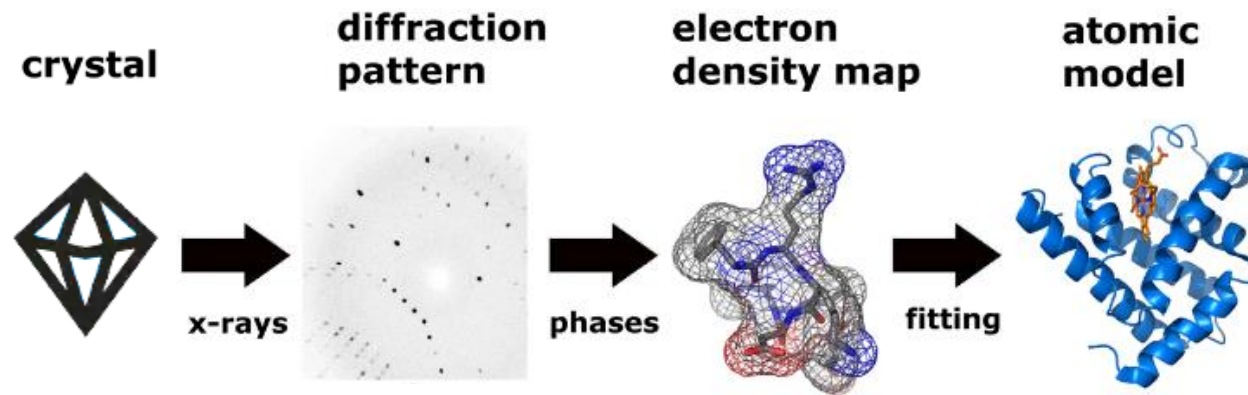
Sample type (Company) – Beamline, year

1. IMP-1 saRNA vaccine (CPI) – Diamond B21, 2023
2. ASO loaded LNP library (Genetech/Roche)– ALS 12.3.1, 2023
3. mRNA-LNP (AstraZeneca)– MAX IV SAXS, 2024
4. Moderna bivalent vaccine (Moderna) – NSLS-II I22, 2024

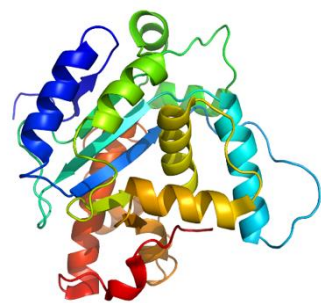
⋮

3. Bio Nano crystallography

Macromolecular crystallography (MX)



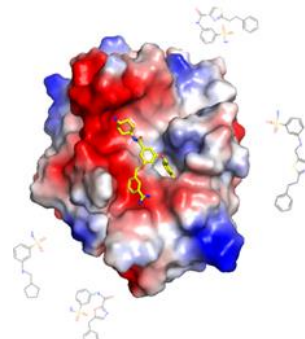
The atomic resolution structure of the biomacromolecules



Protein



DNA/RNA



Complex

Users

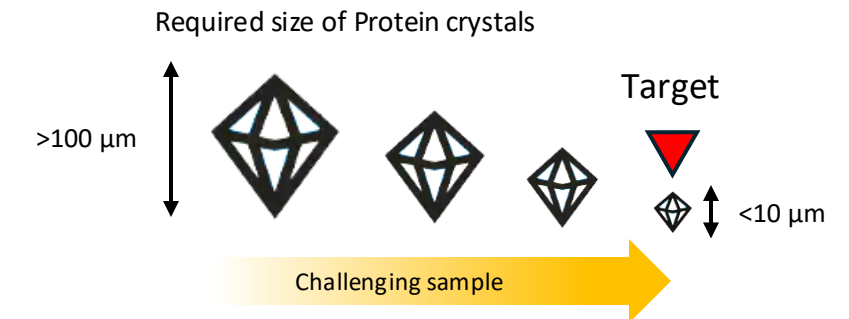


Academia
Protein structure
and function

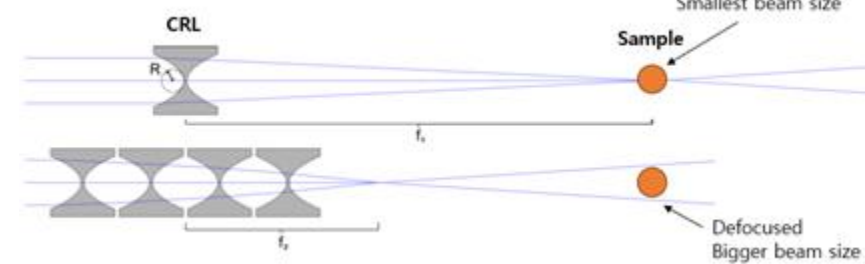
Industry
Structure based drug
discovery (SBDD)

Design Summary

1. Micro-focusing beam
2. High flux

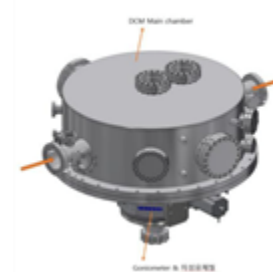


CRL defocusing



3. Rapid beam resizing

4. Stability



Horizontally bounced
Monochromator

5. Pulsed beam



Beam chopper

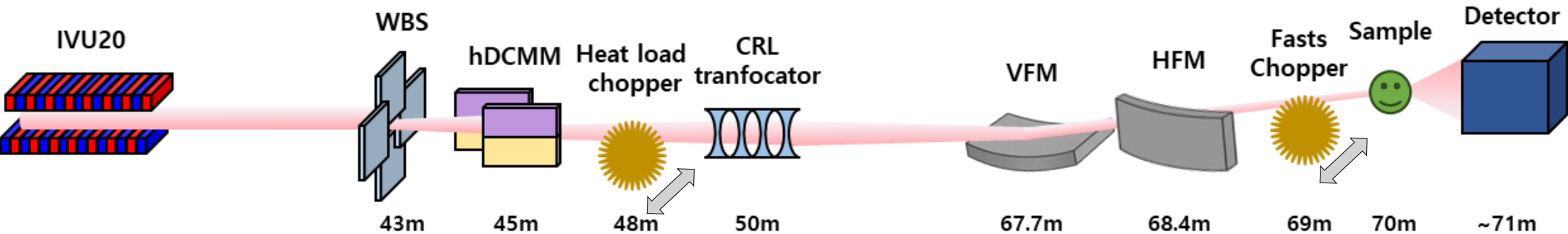
6. High-throughput



Sample exchange robot system

3. Bio Nano crystallography

Beamline Layout



Specification

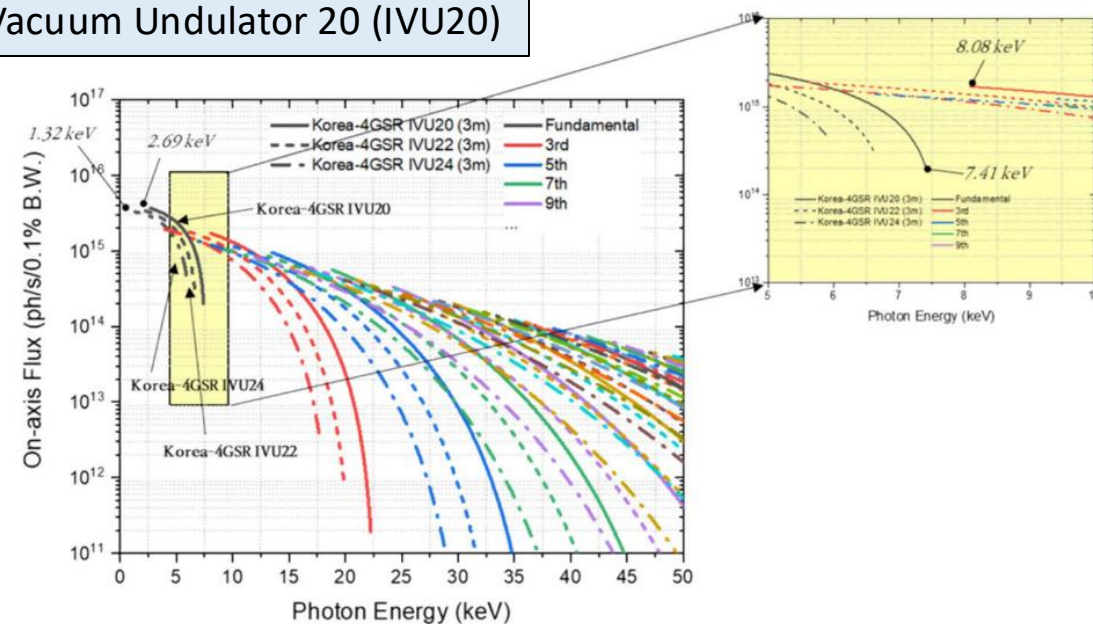
Beamline	ID22 BioNX
Light source	IVU20 (3 m)
Photon energy (keV)	8 – 25 (12.4, 20 keV mainly)
Wavelength (Å)	0.5~1.55
Energy resolution ($\Delta E/E$)	$< 2 \times 10^{-4}$ (DCM), $\sim 1\%$ (DMM)
Beam size at sample (μm^2)	1x1 ~ 50x50 @ 12.4 keV 1x1 ~ 5x5 @ 20 keV
Photon flux (ph/s)	$>10^{14}$
Techniques	RSX, SSX, ISX, HTS* MX
Measurement speed	>100 Hz
Processing capacity	600 crystals/day
Auxiliary Facilities	On-site sample preparation laboratory

Beamline Science

- 1. Micro-crystallography
- 2. Room-temperature crystallography
- 3. Automated high-throughput screening for drug discovery

3. Bio Nano crystallography

In Vacuum Undulator 20 (IVU20)

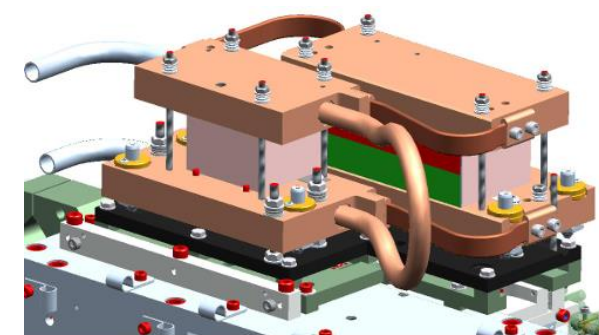


IVU Type	IVU20	IVU22	IVU24
On-Axis Flux	Best	90% of IVU20's between 10-30 keV	80% of IVU20's between 10-25 keV
Coherent Flux	Best	80% of IVU20's between 10-30 keV	60% of IVU20's between 10-30 keV
Spectral Continuity	Missing/compromised between 7.41 keV and 8.08 keV	Perfect at gap size <5.58 mm	Perfect at gap size <6.46 mm
Heat Load on Beamline by Off-Axis Radiation	Best: 12 kW at the minimum gap size	15 kW at the minimum gap size	17 kW at the minimum gap size

Ha, et al., JKPS (2024)

- ✓ High flux
- ✓ Low heat load
- ✓ Missing 7.41 keV and 8.08 keV (limited the usage of this range)
(Cobalt (7.7 keV) energy scan range)

Optics Features



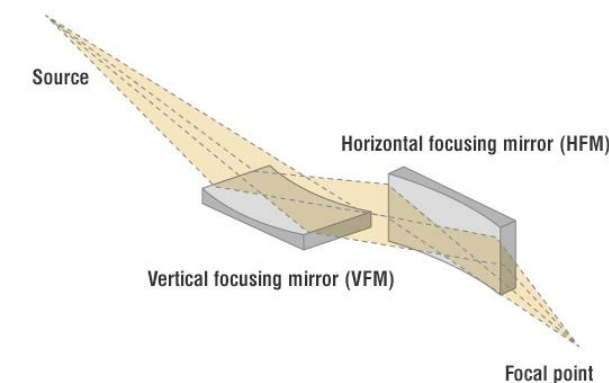
Combined horizontal DCMM
Si(111) crystal
Ru/B4C multilayer



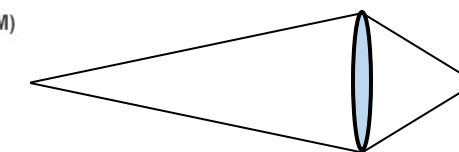
Compound refractive lens (CRL)
Diamond lens (large aperture)



Beam chopper
Titanium disk
~230 Hz, ~90 us pulsed beam



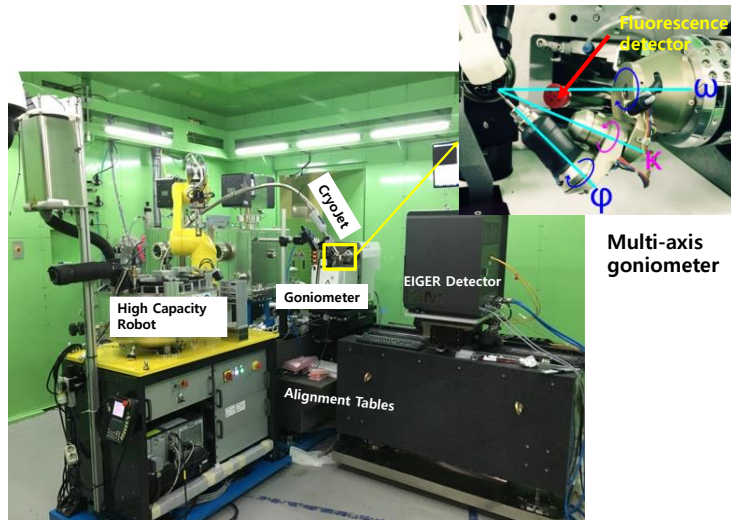
Elliptical mirrors
Si/Rh/Pt coating



One stage direct focusing
full beam
Simplifying optics
Improved manageability

3. Bio Nano crystallography

End-Station



Layout

Silicon drift X-ray detector



- X-ray fluorescence
- Element scan
- Frame rate: 560 Hz (16 bit), 700 Hz (8 bit)
- Active area: 311 x 328 mm²
- Energy range: 6-40 keV



EIGER2 XE 16M

High precision diffractometer



- Sphere of confusion: 100 nm
- Raster scan at 15 mm/s
- Rotation speed: 720 deg/s
- Easy to change various goniometer heads

High-Capacity Sample Exchange Robot



592 sample/storage chamber
~600 sample/day

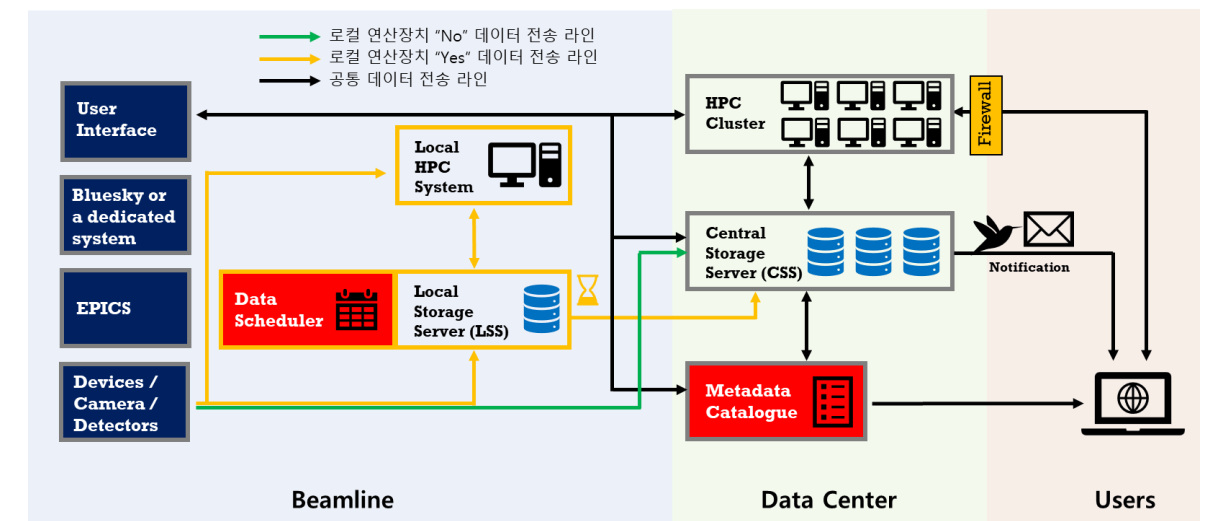
DAQ

Data acquisition/management

Web-based User Interface (WUI)
Remote access



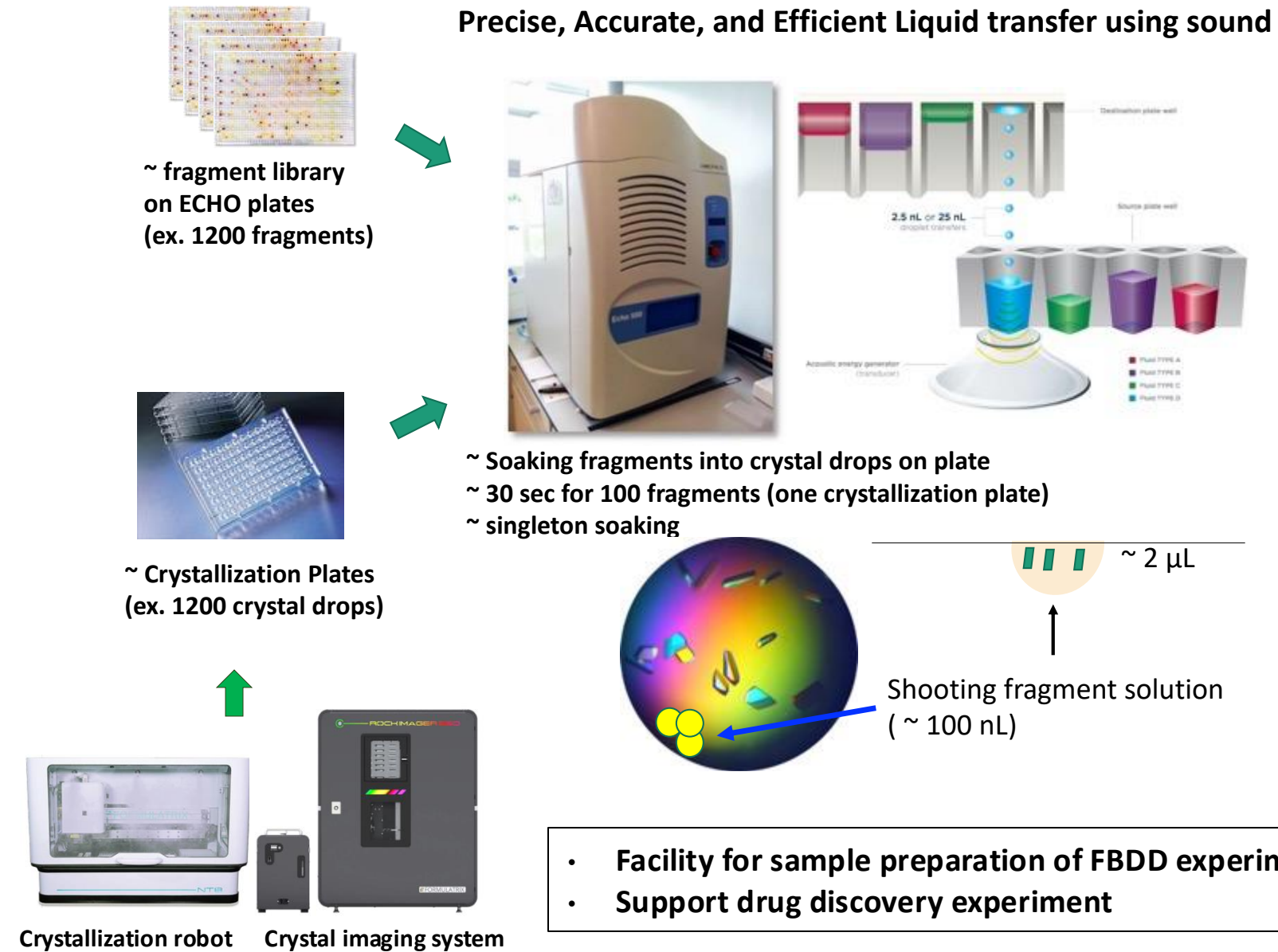
Computing infrastructure



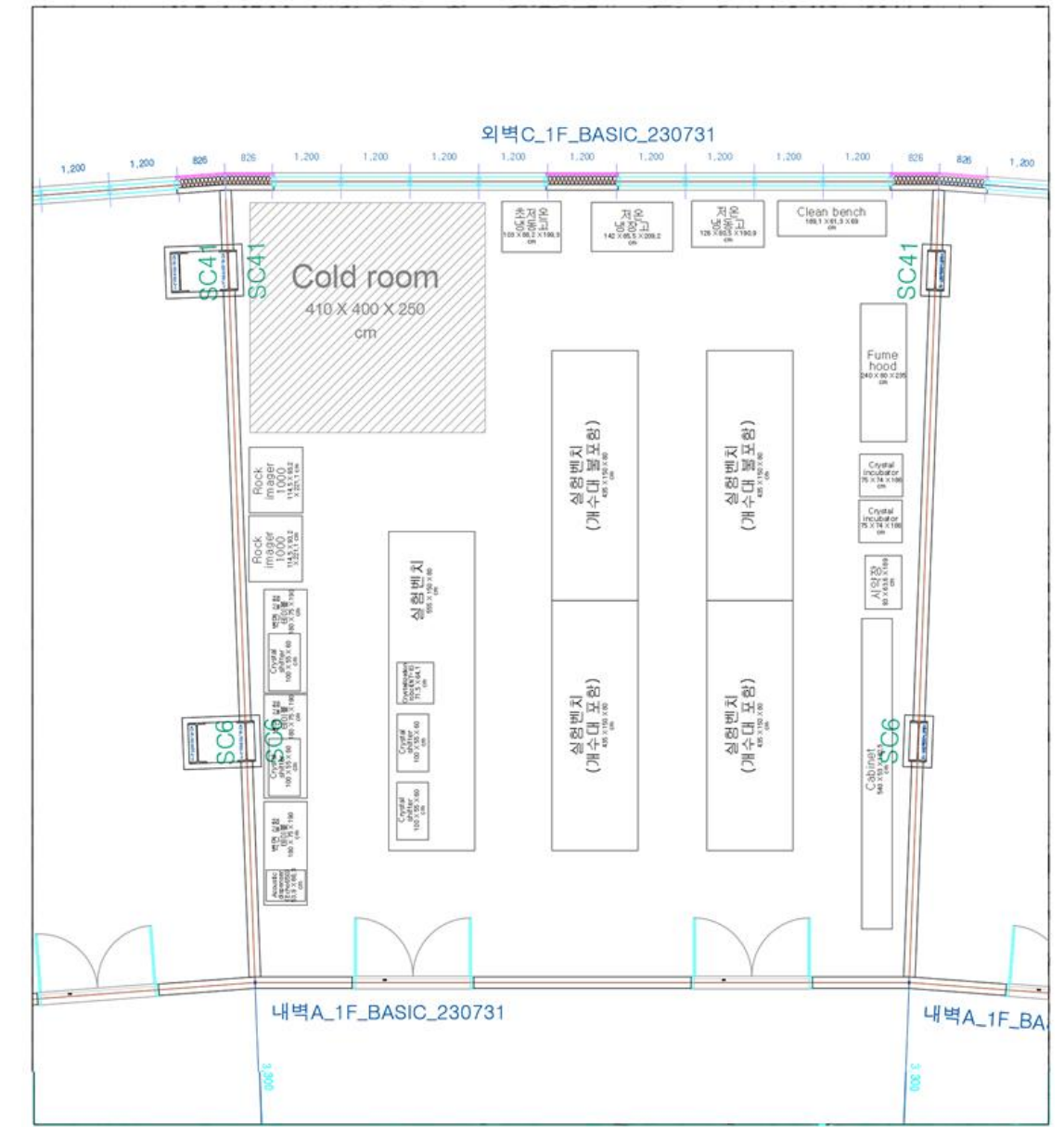
- Local HPC system and data center

3. Bio Nano crystallography

Sample Preparation Laboratory



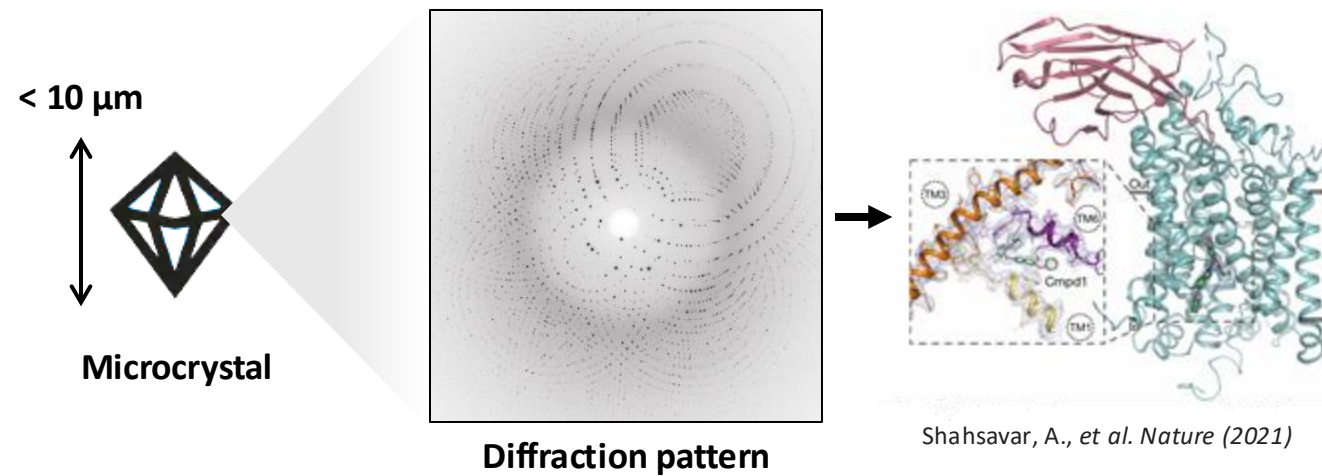
Floor plan of sample preparation laboratory



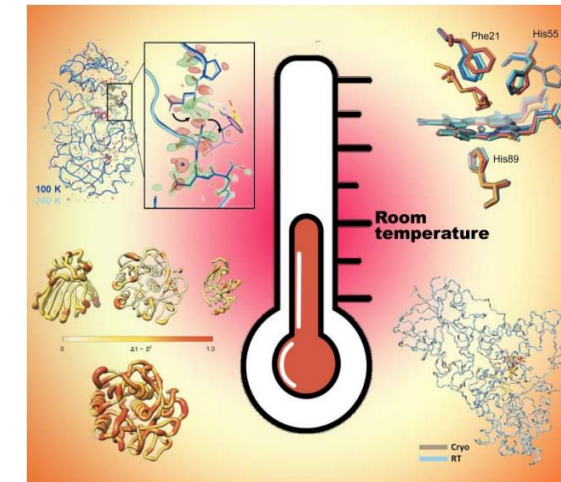
3. Bio Nano crystallography

Beamline Applications

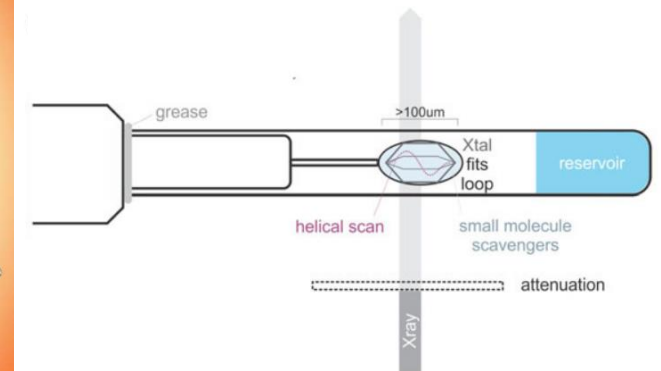
High-quality data from microcrystal



Room-temperature crystallography

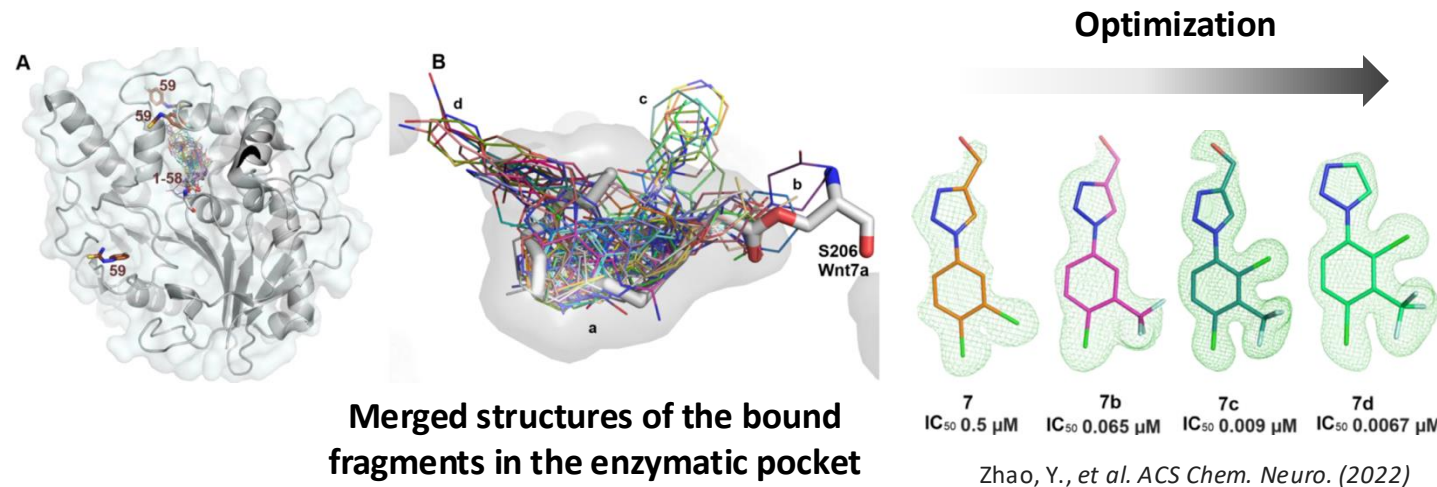


Data collection using capillary tool

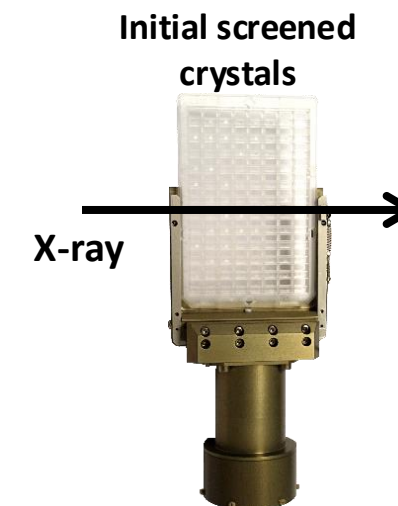


Fischer, M., *Quarterly Reviews of Biophysics* (2021)

Drug discovery



Quick screening of initial crystal



Diffraction or not?

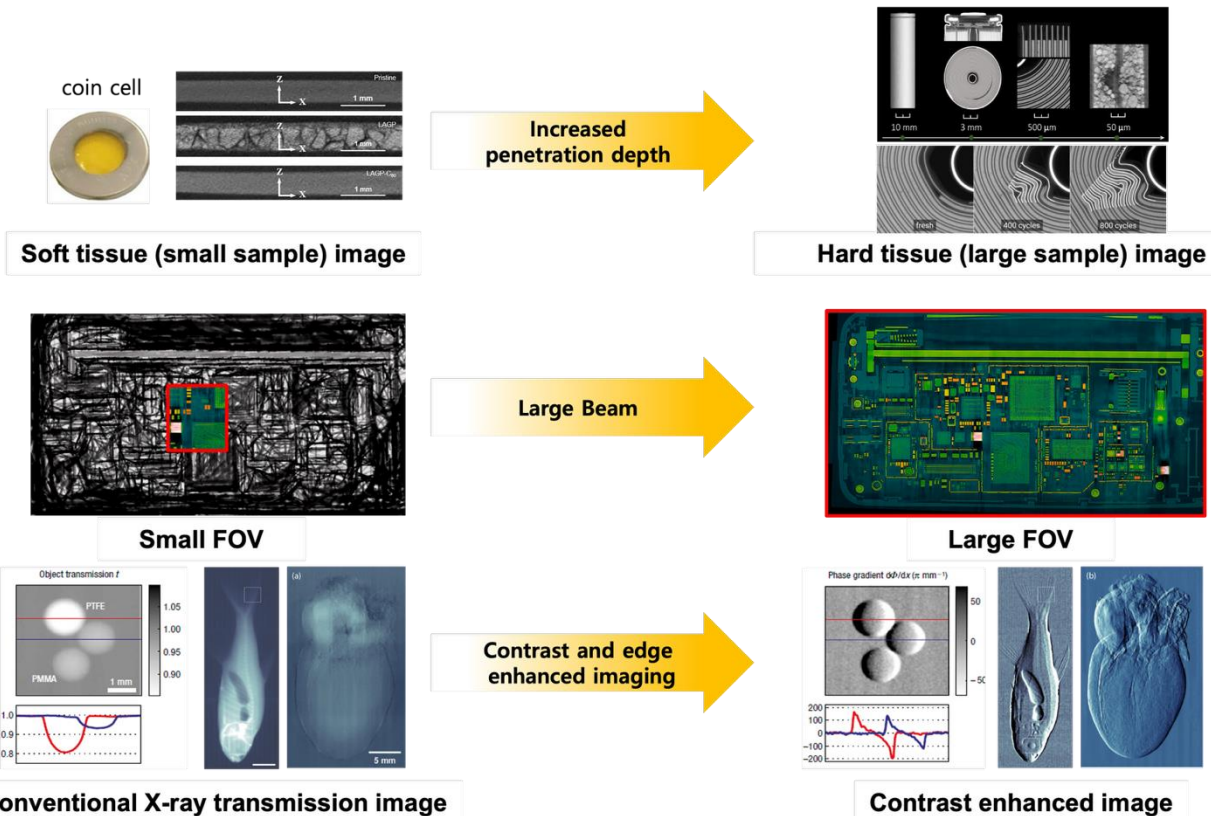
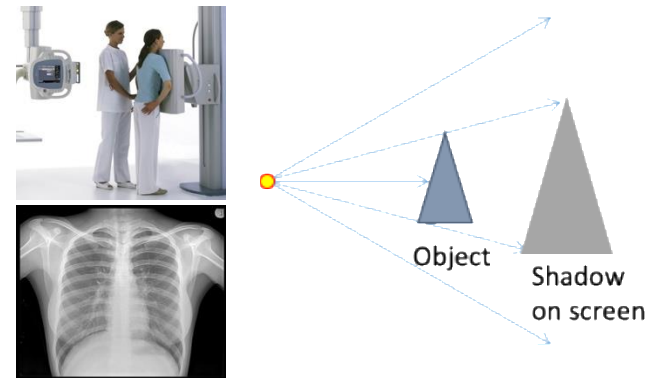
4. High Energy Microscopy

Projection imaging

Synchrotron source

- High photon flux
 - Fast scan
 - In situ/operando imaging studies
- High resolution imaging

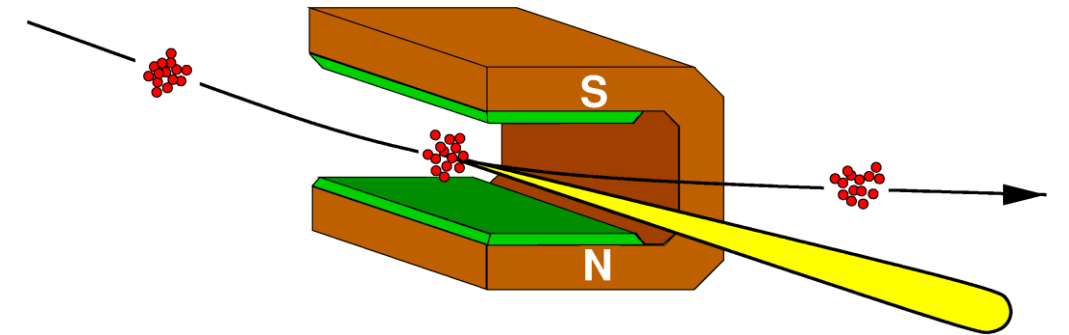
Conventional projection image



Design Summary

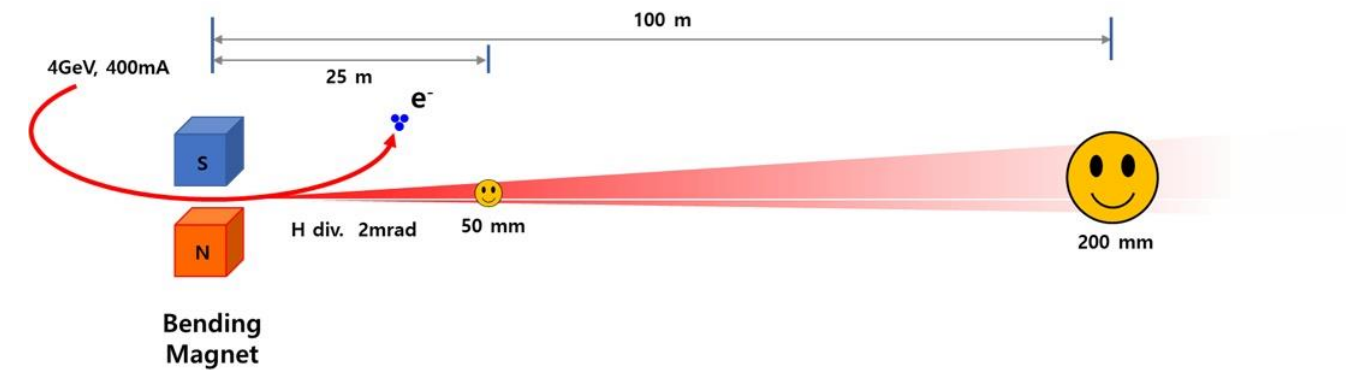
1. High energy beam

Light source:
Bending magnet



2. Large beam

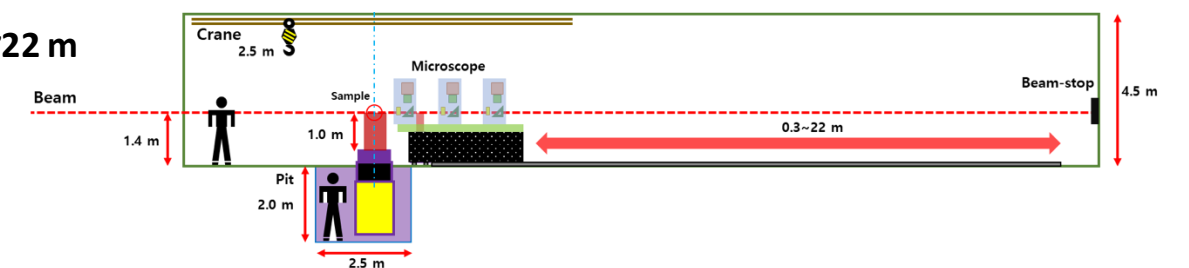
Long beamline: 123 m



3. Phase contrast effect

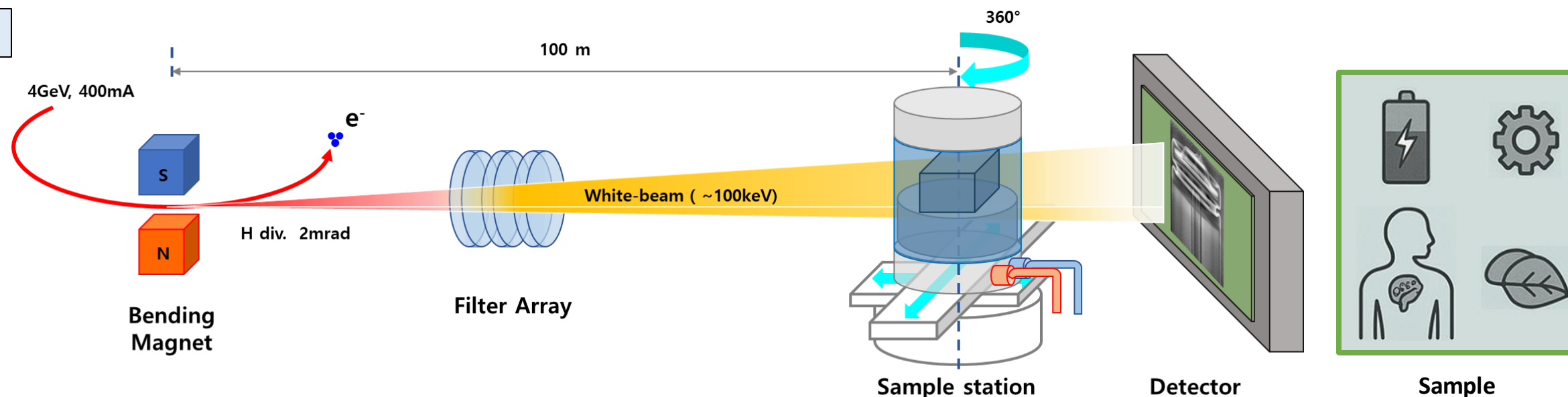
End-station design

SDD: 0.3~22 m



4. High Energy Microscopy

Beamline Layout



Specification

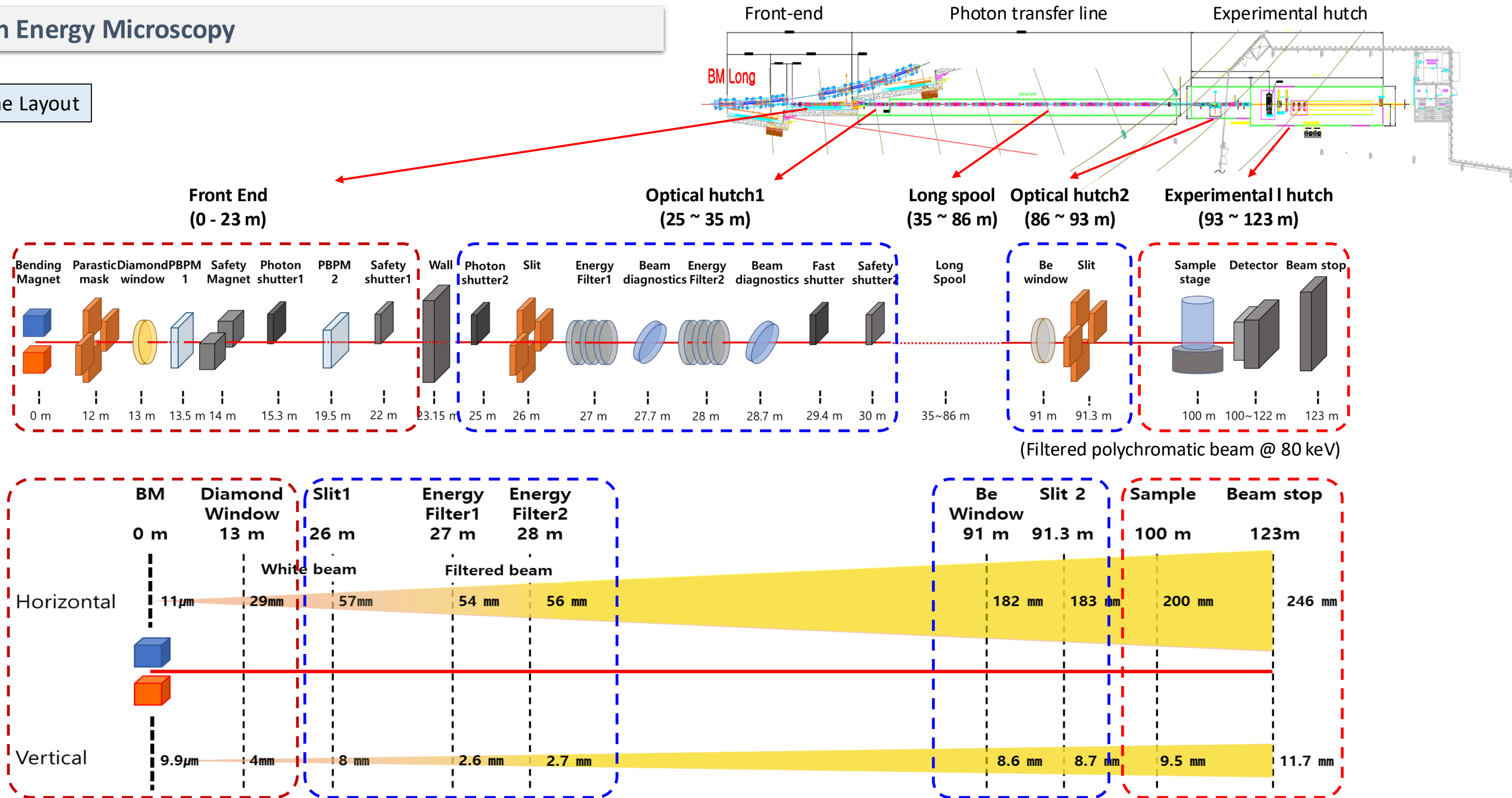
Beamline	BM10 HEM
Light Source	Bending Magnet (2T)
Photon energy	20 ~ 150 keV (E_c :21.2 keV)
Beam size (FWHM)	200 mm x 25 mm @ 100 m
SDD	< 22 m
Spatial resolution	> 1.0 μ m
Technique	Projection imaging
Sample space	a few m (100 kg)

Beamline Science

- High-energy beam: Energy & Materials applications
- Large beam size: Industrial applications
- Phase contrast effect: Bio-medical imaging

4. High Energy Microscopy

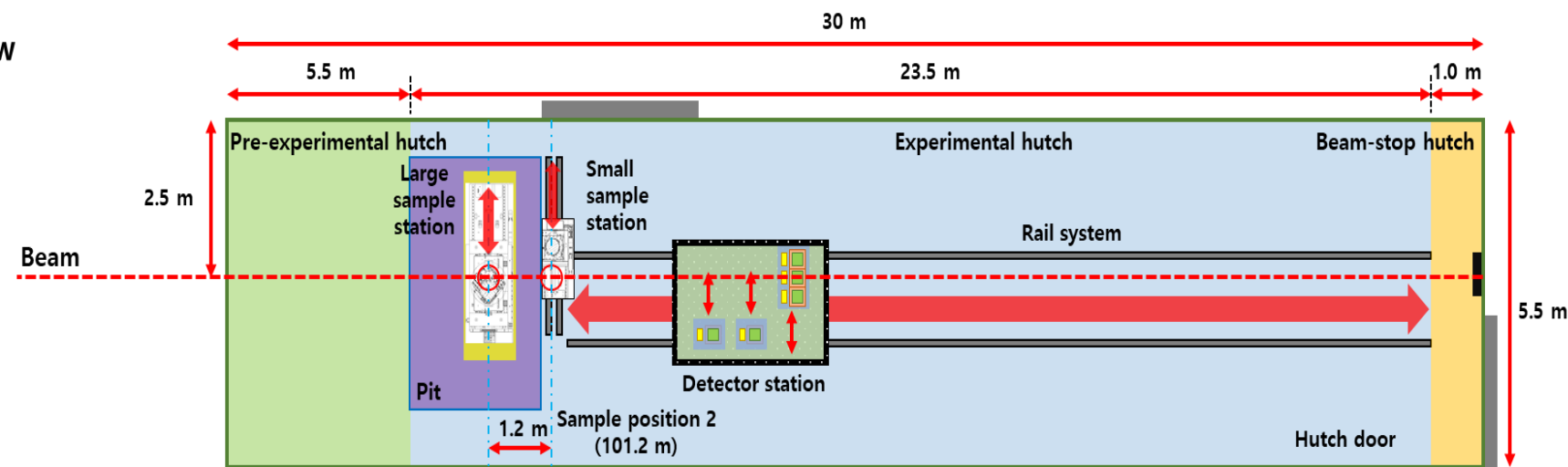
Beamline Layout



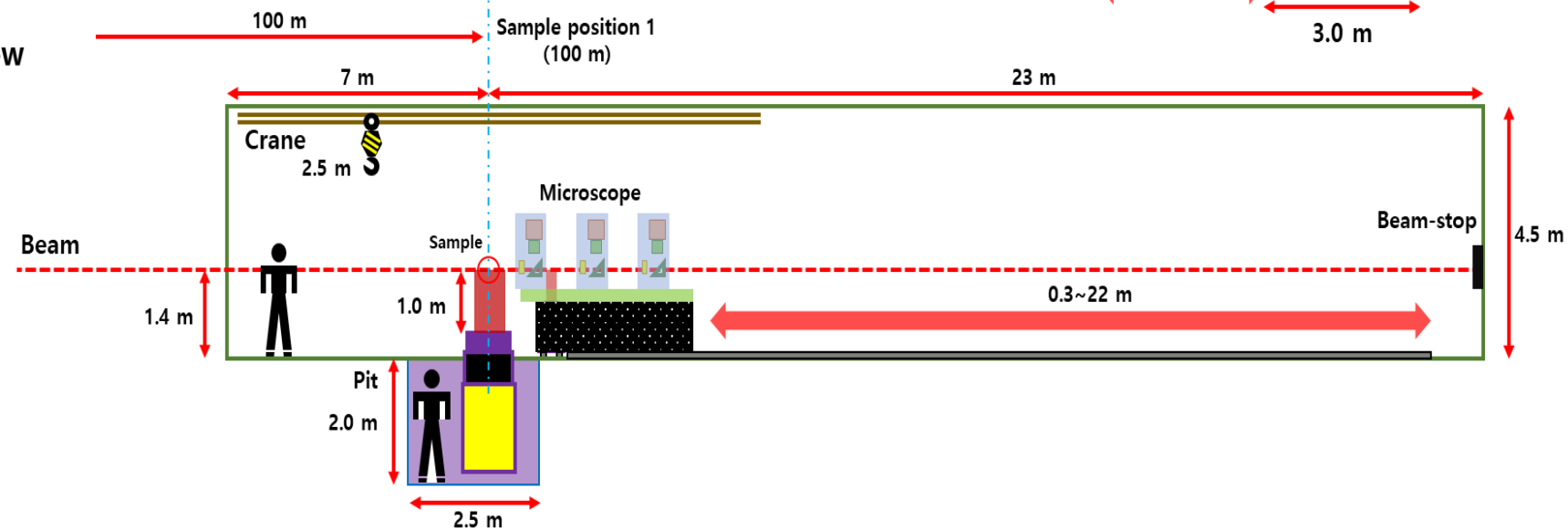
4. High Energy Microscopy

End-Station

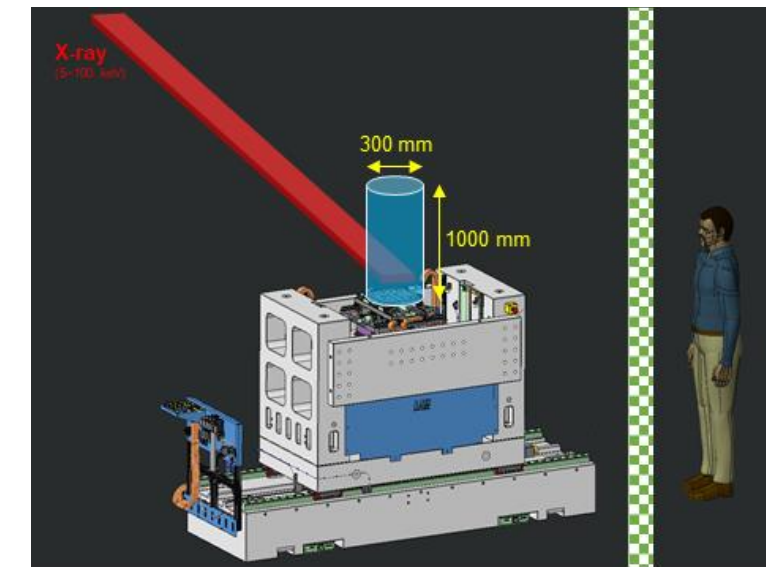
Top view



Side view



➤ Large sample station



➤ Large sample stage Specifications

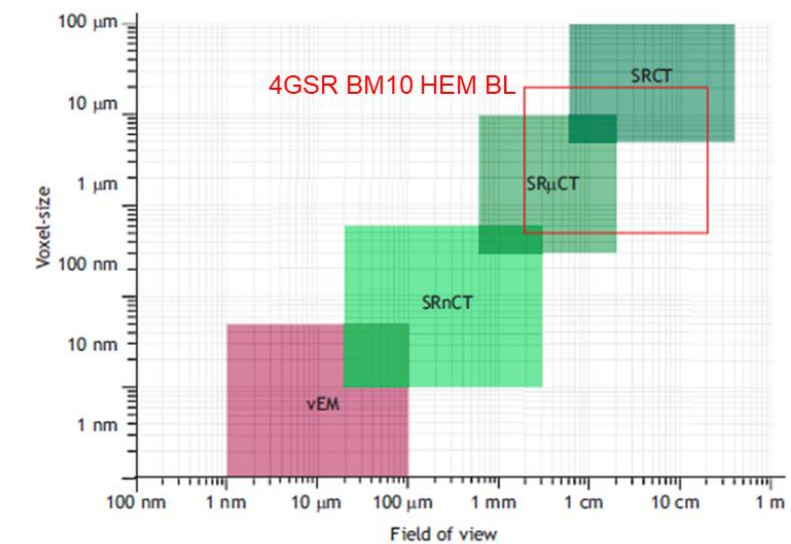
Data	Dimension
Sample weight	100 kg
Sample dimensions	H=1.0 m, D=0.3 m
Rotation stage	RT500S
Angular accuracy	< 2 arcsec
Max. speed	60 rpm

4. High Energy Microscopy

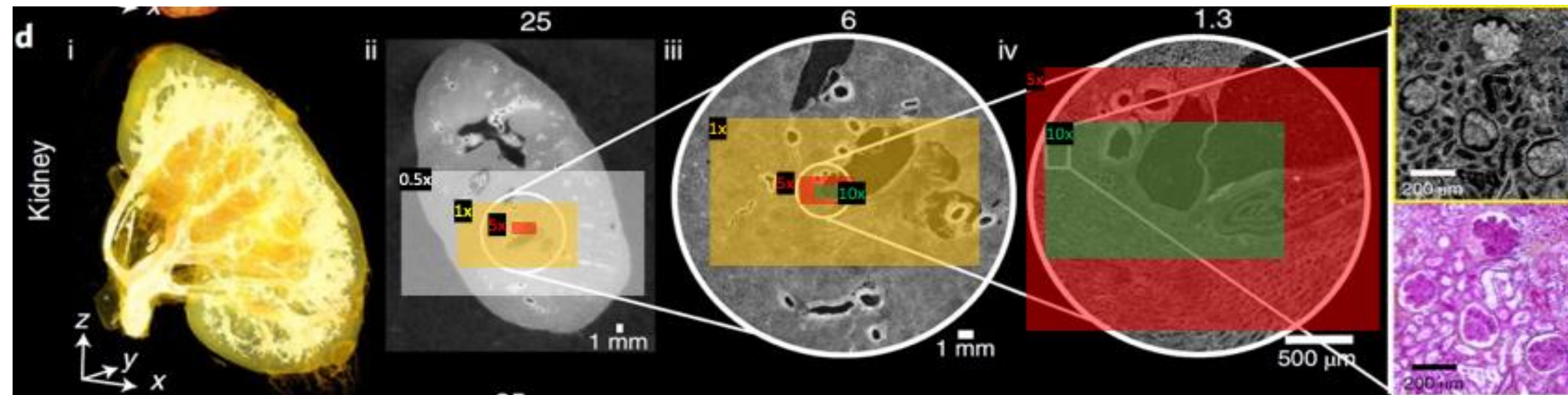
Multiple scale CT scan (Establishing a strategy of the collection of Large FOV image and Mass Data Process)

➤ Image specification (4GSR BM10)

X-ray microscope	Array detector	Single detector			
Field of View	200 x 25 mm ²	38 x 21 mm ²	19 x 11 mm ²	3.8 x 2.1 mm ²	1.9 x 1.1 mm ²
Magnification	0.25x	0.5x	1x	5x	10x
Pixel size	20 μm	9.2 μm	4.6 μm	0.92 μm	0.46 μm
Pixel number	26 million	9 million			
Data size	52 MB/image	18 MB/image			
3D data size	205 GB/set	25 GB/set			



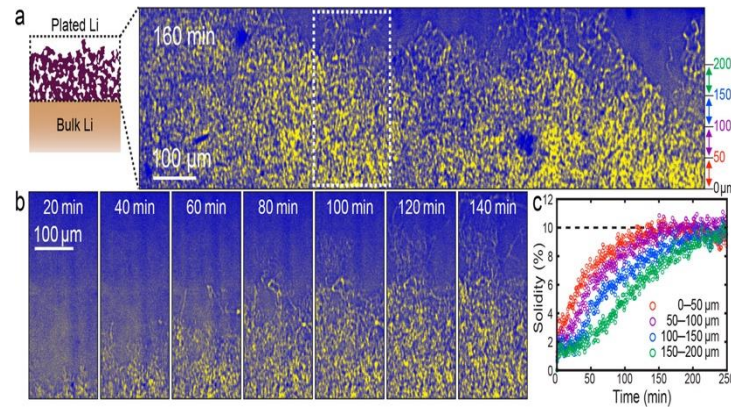
Multiscale Phase-Contrast Tomography (ESRF-EBS BM18)



4. High Energy Microscopy

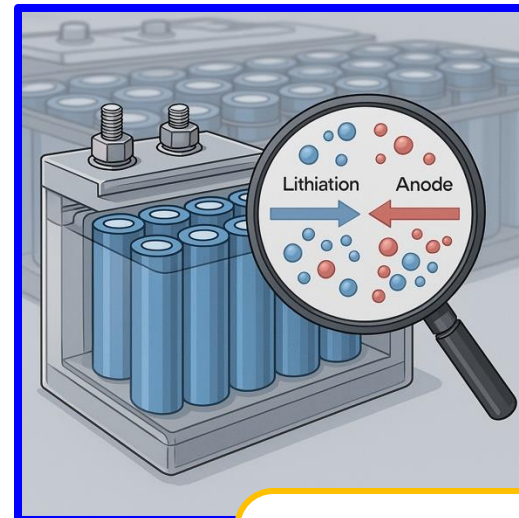
Beamline Applications

Energy Material Science



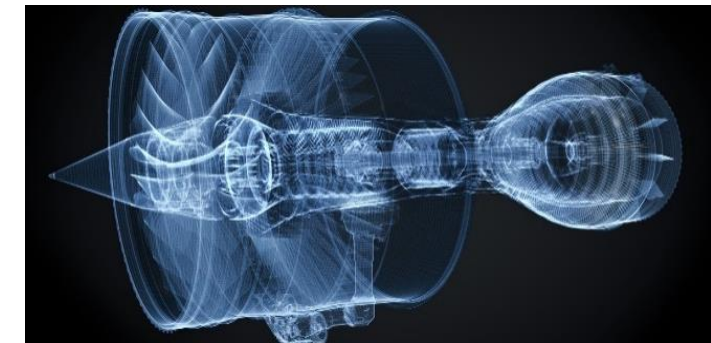
Seung-Ho Yu et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 41(21) 8441 (2019)

real-time observation of internal structural changes of batteries



Multi scale imaging In-situ X-ray imaging Phase contrast imaging

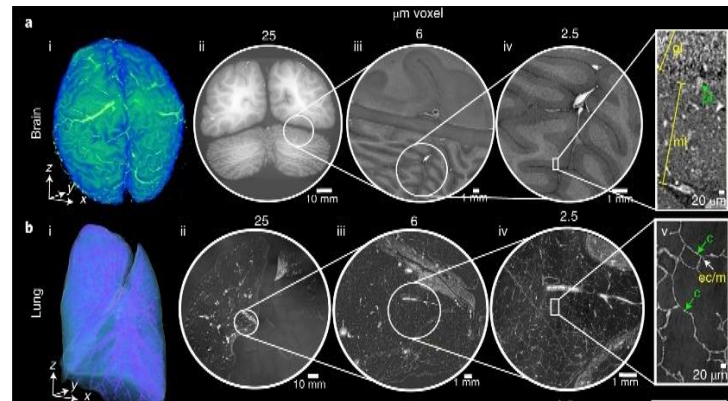
Industrial Applications



Dragoljub Vujić, *Scientific-Technical Review*, vol. LIII, no.2, (2003)

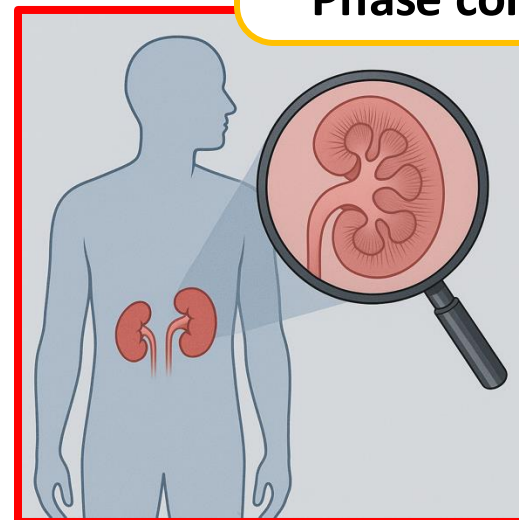
non-destructive inspection of internal defects in metal and composite components.

Life Science



Walsh, C. L., et al. (2021). *Nature methods*, 18(12), 1532-1541.

Visualizes fine biological structures with high-resolution phase-contrast imaging.



Cultural Heritage



불상 속 비밀, 관음보살좌상 (2019) 국립중앙 박물관

Reveals internal structures of cultural artifacts non-destructively
for conservation and restoration.

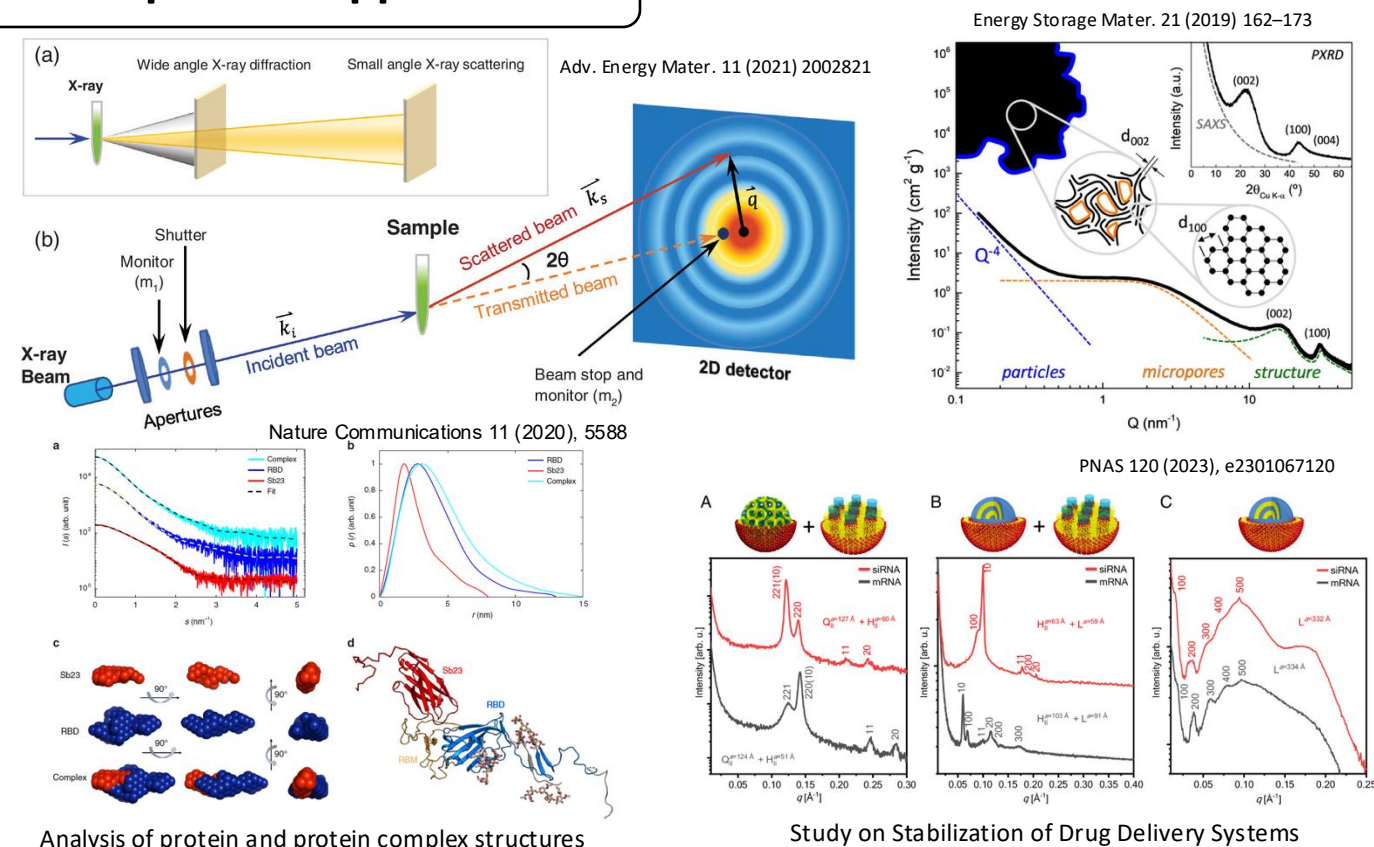
Summary

	BioSAXS	BioNX	HEM
Photon Source	IVU24	IVU20	BM (2T)
Energy Range (mainly)	8 ~ 23 keV (12)	8 ~ 25 keV (12.4 and 20)	20 ~ 150 keV
Beam Flux (ph/s)	$> 5 \times 10^{12}$	$> 1 \times 10^{14}$	$\sim 1 \times 10^{13}$
Beam Size (μm^2) (H \times V, FWHM)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partially Focused: $\sim 200 \times 200$ Focused: $\sim 40 \times 10$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12.4 keV: $1 \times 1 \sim 50 \times 50$ 20 keV: $1 \times 1 \sim 5 \times 5$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 100m: $200 \times 25 \text{ mm}^2$
Spatial Resolution	8 ~ 3800 Å	0.5 ~ 1.55 Å	$> 1.0 \mu\text{m}$
Sample	Biomacromolecules in solution	Biomacromolecules as crystallized	Biological tissue, Battery, Electronic components, Developmental prototype, etc.
Technique	SAXS/WAXS, SEC-SAXS	RSX, SSX, ISX, HTS* MX	Projection Imaging

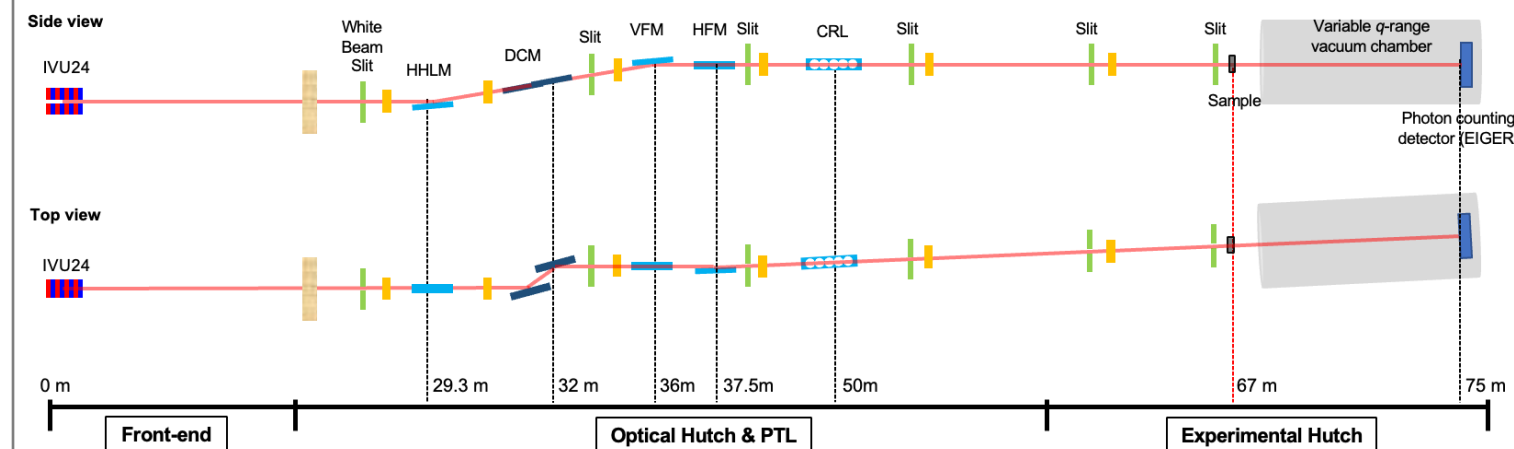
Thank You For Your Attention

Study on 3D structural characteristics of biological molecule systems

Principle and application



Beamline layout



Specification

Photon Source

In Vacuum Undulator 24

Energy Range

8 ~ 23 keV

Energy resolution

$< 2 \times 10^{-4}$

Beam flux (ph/s)

$\sim 5 \times 10^{12}$

Beam size (μm^2) H \times V, FWHM

$< 200 \times 200$ (partially focused mode)
 $\sim 40 \times 10$ (focused mode)

Spatial resolution

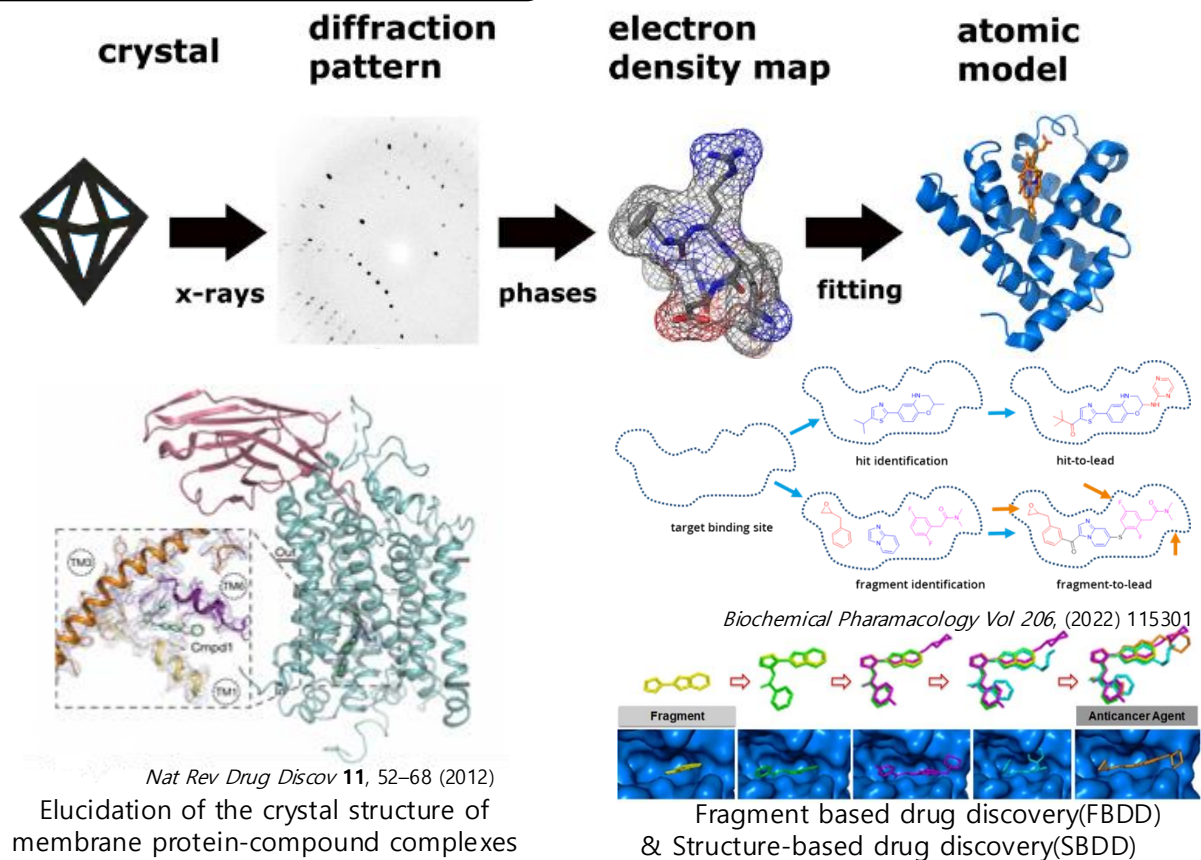
8 ~ 3800 Å

Feature of Beamline

- Introduction of an automatic sample exchange robot to facilitate high-throughput experiments.
- Variable q -range vacuum chamber allows rapid adjustment of sample-to-detector distance within a range of 0.5 m to 8 m, enabling efficient analysis of various systems.
- Supporting various sample environments for the structural analysis of biological molecules.

High-throughput screening for rapid determination of protein-compound structures in drug discovery

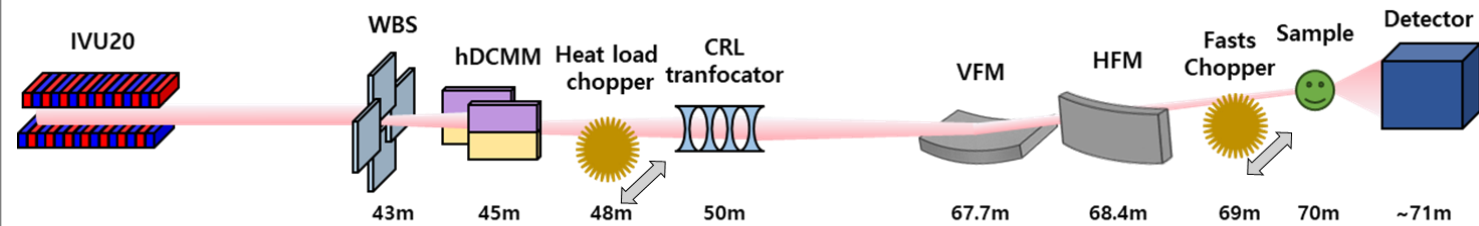
Principle and application



Feature of Beamline

- Provide a minimum beam size of 1 micron and high beam flux, supporting serial and in-situ crystallography experiments. This enhances accessibility to challenging protein crystal samples.
- Supports high-throughput experiments with the introduction of the an automated sample exchange robot.
- Operates a sample preparation laboratory to support drug discovery research, such as fragment library screening

Beamline layout

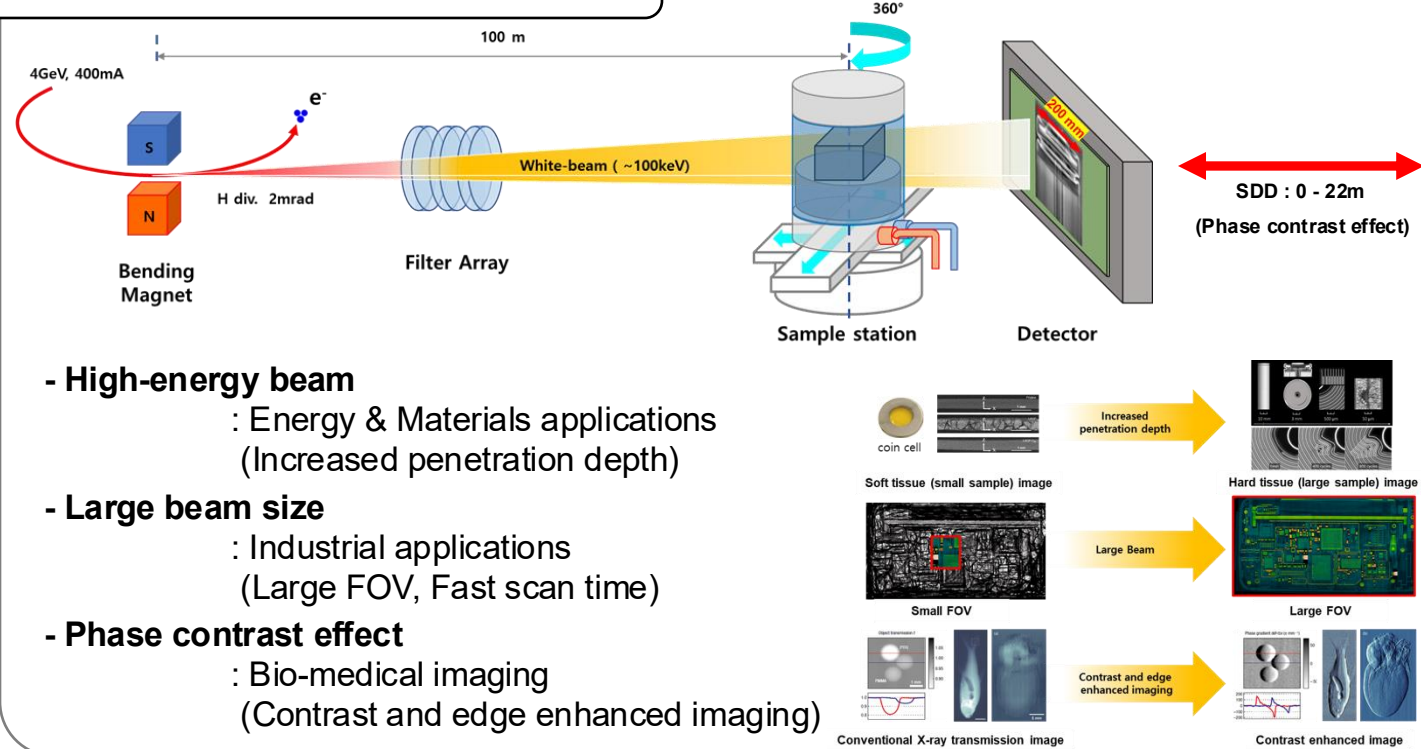


Specification

Photon Source	In Vacuum Undulator 20
Energy Range (mainly)	8 ~ 25 keV (12.4 and 20)
Energy resolution	< 2 x 10 ⁻⁴ (DCM), ~1% (DMM)
Beam flux (ph/s)	> 1 × 10 ¹⁴
Beam size (μm ²) H × V, FWHM	1x1 ~ 50x50 @ 12.4 keV 1x1 ~ 5x5 @ 20 keV
Spatial resolution	0.5 ~ 1.55 Å
Measurement frequency	> 100Hz

High-quality multiscale 3D image analysis using phase contrast effects

Principle and application

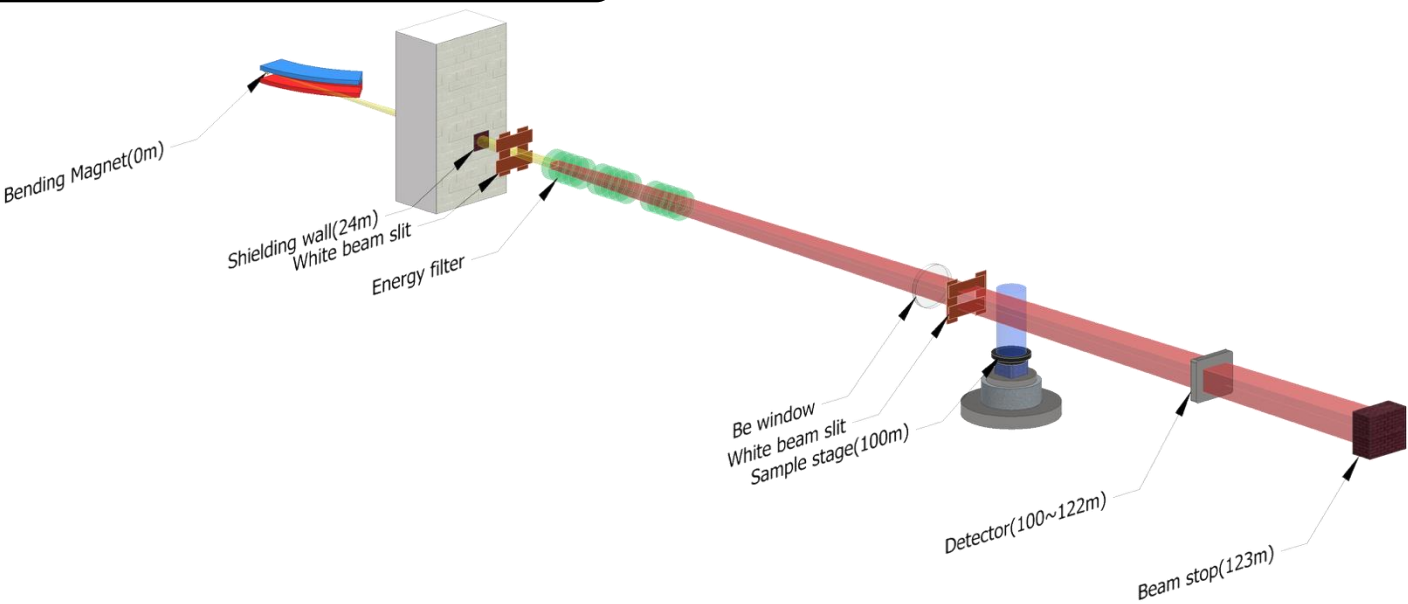


- **High-energy beam**
: Energy & Materials applications
(Increased penetration depth)
- **Large beam size**
: Industrial applications
(Large FOV, Fast scan time)
- **Phase contrast effect**
: Bio-medical imaging
(Contrast and edge enhanced imaging)

Feature of Beamline

- The high energy microscope beamline is based on projection image utilizing high-energy X-ray beams above 100keV and a long beamline of over 100 meters.
- The bending magnet illuminates the sample at a distance of 100 m with a beam of 200 mm width and 25 mm height, and acquires a high quality projection image by phase contrast effect.
- Phase contrast imaging improves spatial resolution and contrast, allowing researchers to resolve finer structural details in three dimensional imaging and expand the range of observations in materials and biological specimens.

Beamline layout

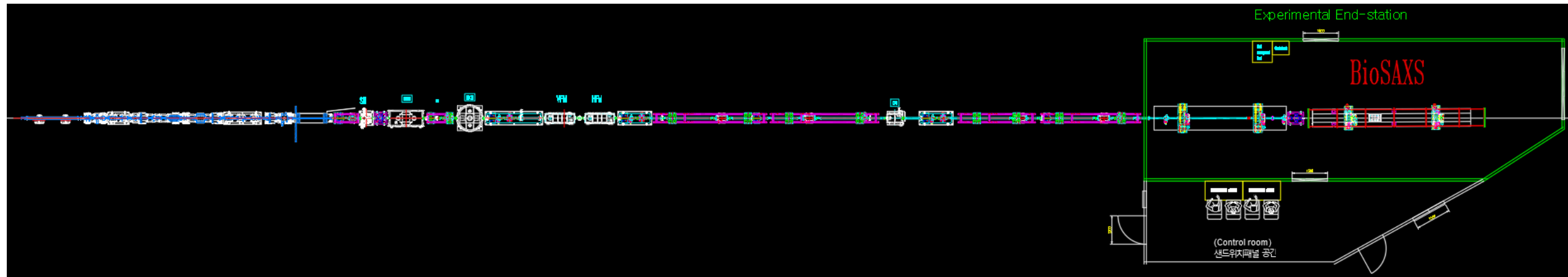


Specification

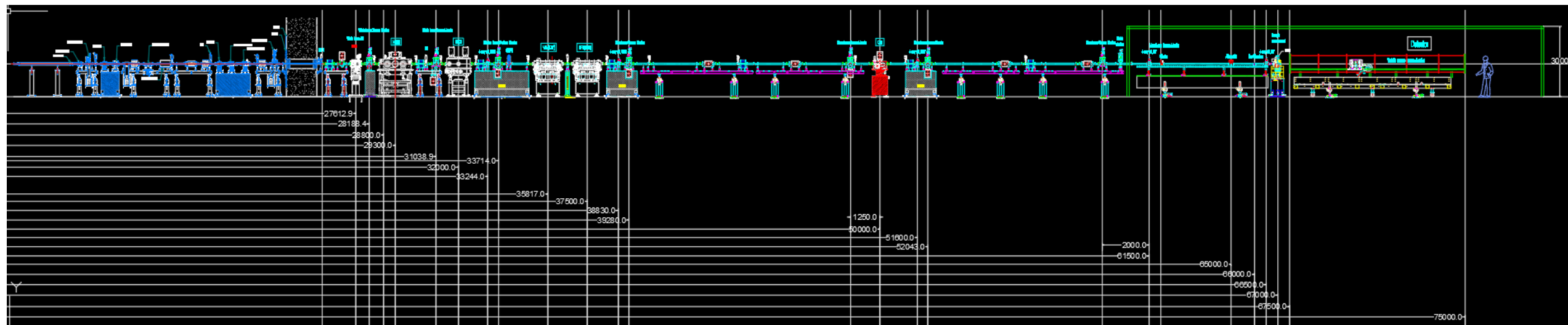
Photon Source	Bending Magnet (2 T)
Energy Range	20 ~ 150keV (E_c :21.2 keV)
Beam size (FWHM)	200mm x 25mm @ 100 m
Spatial resolution	> 1.0 μ m
Technique	Projection imaging
Sample dimensions	H=1.0 m, D=0.3 m (100 kg)

Design Drawing: BioSAXS

Top view

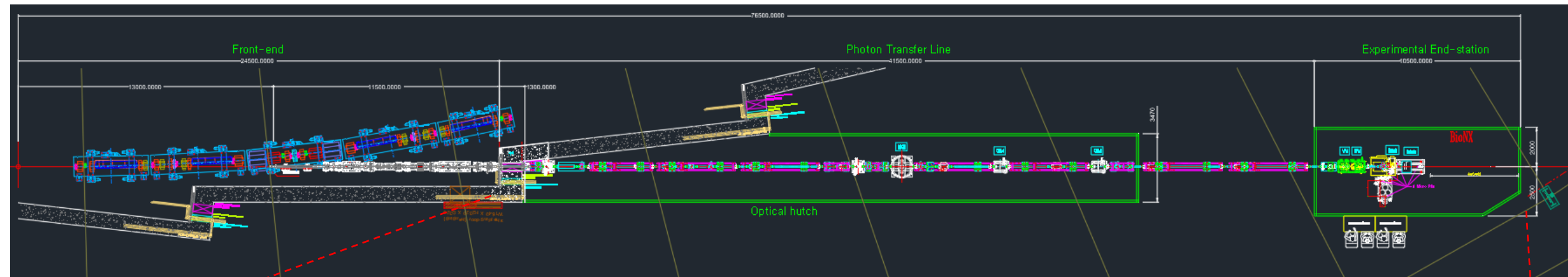


Side view

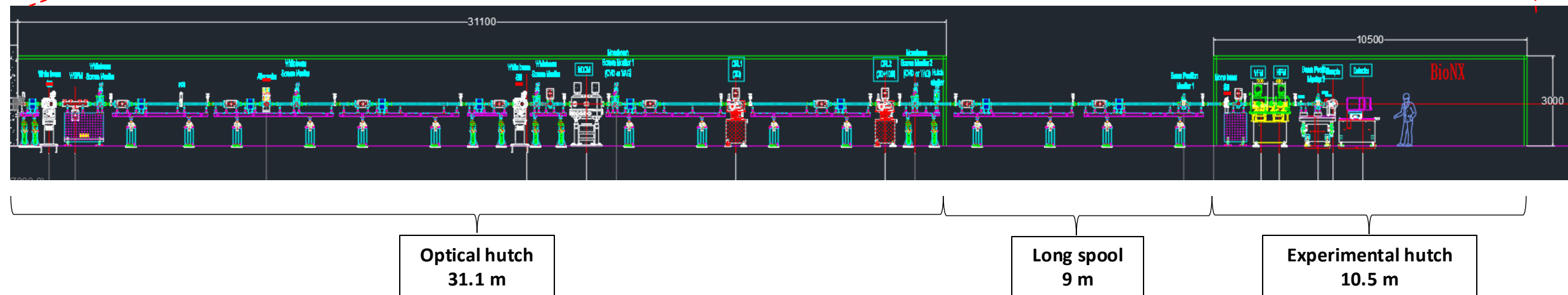


Design Drawing: BioNX

Top view

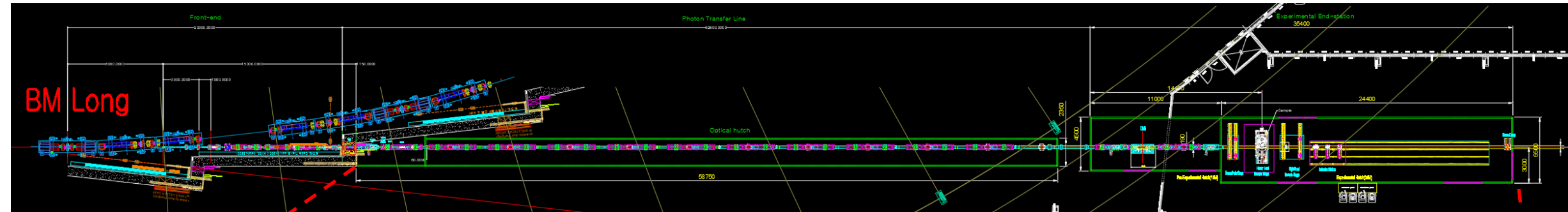


Side view

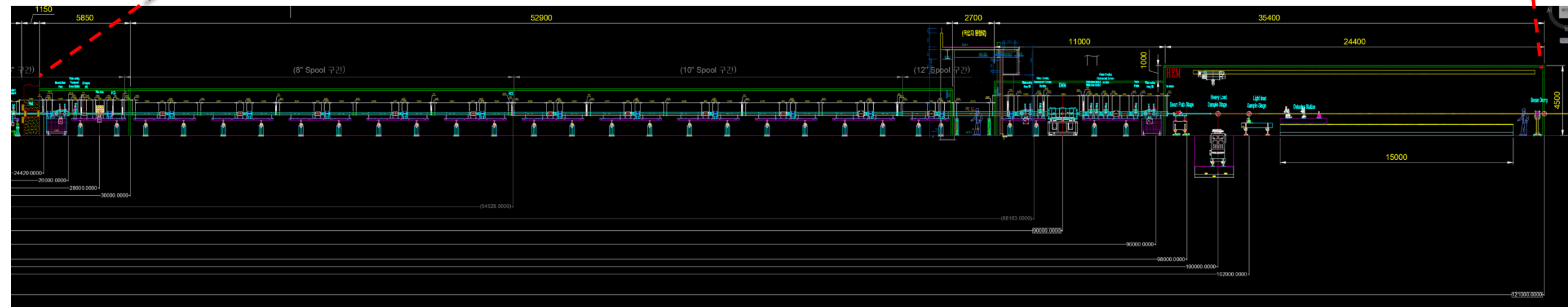


Design Drawing: HEM

Top view



Side view



Optical hatch1
10 m

Long spool
51 m

Optical hatch2
7 m

Experimental hatch
30 m